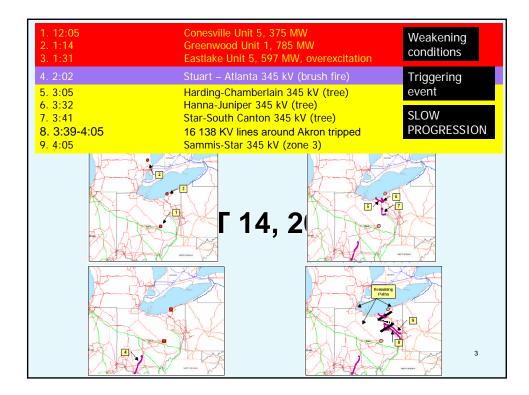




- 1. Summary of previous blackouts
- 2. Blackout attributes
- Approaches to reduce frequency/severity of high consequence events
- 4. Emergency Response System
- 5. Triggering events
- 6. Simulator attributes
- 7. Final comments

2



1. 12:05 2. 1:14 3. 1:31	Conesville Unit 5, 375 MW Greenwood Unit 1, 785 MW Eastlake Unit 5, 597 MW, (overexcitation)	Weakening conditions
4. 2:02 5. 3:05	Stuart – Atlanta 345 kV (brush fire) Harding-Chamberlain 345 kV (tree)	Triggering event
6. 3:32 7. 3:41 8. 3:39-4:05 9. 4:05	Hanna-Juniper 345 kV (tree) Star-South Canton 345 kV (tree) 16 138 KV lines around Akron tripped (overloa Sammis-Star 345 kV (zone 3, tree)	SLOW PROGRESSION
10. 4:08:58 11. 4:09:06 12. 4:09:23-4:10:27 13. 4:10 14. 4:10:04 - 4:10:45 15. 4:10:37 16. 4:10:38 17. 4:10:38 17. 4:10:22	Galion-Ohio Central-Muskingum 345 kV (zone East Lima-Fostoria Central 345 kV (zone 3) Kinder Morgan (rating: 500 MW; loaded to 200 Harding-Fox 345 kV 20 generators along Lake Erie in north Ohio, 2 West-East Michigan 345 KV (zone 3) Midland Cogeneration Venture, 1265 MW (red Transmission system separates northwest of D	DMW) 174 MW FAST PROGRESSION
18. 4:10:38 19. 4:10:40 - 4:10:44 20. 4:10:41 21. 4:10:42 - 4:10:45 22. 4:10:46 - 4:10:55 23. 4:10:50 - 4:11:57	Perry-Ashtabula-Erie West 345 kV (zone 3) 4 lines disconnect between Pennsylvania & Ne 2 lines disconnect and 2 gens trip in north Ohi 3 lines disconnect in north Ontario, New Jerse of Eastern Interconnection, 1 unit trips, 820 m New York splits east-to-west. New England an separate from New York and remain intact. (p Ontario separates from NY w. of Niagara Falls SW Connecticut separates from NY ,blackout .	w York o,1868MW y, isolates NE part w d Maritimes ower swing+UFLS) & w. of St. Law.

	Location	Date	MW Lost	Duration	People affected	Approximate
	Location	Date	WW LOST	Duration	People affected	cost
1	US-NE	11/9/1965	20000	13 hours	30 million	
l l	US-NE	7/13/1977	6000	22 hours	3 million	300 million
1 2	France	12/19/1978	30000	10 hours		
	West Coast	12/22/1982	12350		5 million	
	Sweden	12/27/1983	> 7000	5.5 hours	4.5 million	
≺ 5	Brazil	4/18/1984	15762			
	Brazil	8/18/1985	7793			
	Hydro Quebec	4/18/1988	18500			
1 - 7	US-West	1/17/1994	7500			
したいし	Brazil	12/13/1994	8630			
	US-West	12/14/1994	9336		1.5 million	
	Brazil	3/26/1996	5746			
	US-West	7/2/1996	11743		1.5 million	
MPAC ¹¹	US-West	7/3/1996	1200		small number	
	US-West	8/10/1996	30489		7.5 million	1 billion dollars
	MAPP, NW Ontario	6/25/1998	950	19 hours	0.152 million	
	San Francisco	12/8/1998	1200	8 hours	1 million	
	Brazil	3/11/1999	25000	4 hours	75 million	
	Brazil	5/16/1999	2000			
	India	1/2/2001	12000	13 hours	220 million	107 million
	Rome	6/26/2003	2150		7.3 million	
	US-NE	8/14/2003	62000	1-2 days	50 million	4-6 billion
	Denmark/Sweden	9/23/2003	6300	6.5 hours	5 million	
9	Italy	9/28/2003	27000	19.5 hours	57 million	
	Croatia	12/1/2003	1270 mwh			2.5 million
	Greece	7/12/2004	9000	3 hours	5 million	
	Moscow/Russia	5/24-25/2005	2500	>6 hours	4 million	
	European Blackout	11/412006	» 6400	1 Hour	15 million	

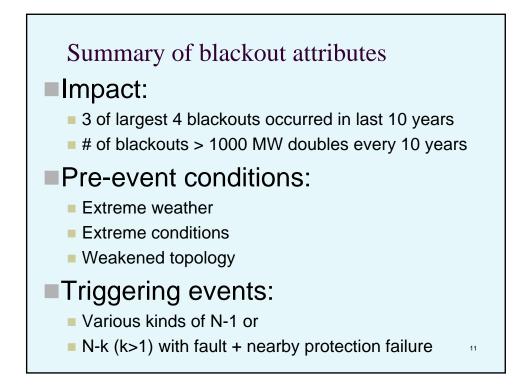
Location	Date	Weather	Loading	Topology
US-NE	11/9/1965	mild	normal	normal
US-NE	7/13/1977	Stormy	normal	weakened (1 major tie feeder, 1 major gen out)
France	12/19/1978		Heavy	Normal
West Coast	12/22/1982	windy	normal	normal
Sweden	12/27/1983			
Brazil	4/18/1984			
Brazil	8/18/1985			
Hydro Quebec	4/18/1988	Freezing rain	normal	normal
US-West	1/17/1994	mild	normal	normal
Brazil	12/13/1994			
US-West	12/14/1994	cold	Heavy	normal
Brazil	3/26/1996			
US-West	7/2/1996	Hot 38C	Heavy	Normal
US-West	7/3/1996	Hot 38C	Stressed	Normal
US-West	8/10/1996	Hot 38C	normal	weakened (three 500 KV line sections out of service
MAPP, NW Ontario	6/25/1998	stormy	heavy	normal
San Francisco	12/8/1998	normal	normal	normal
Brazil	3/11/1999			
Brazil	5/16/1999			
Brazil India	1/2/2001			
Rome	6/26/2003	Hot	heavy	weakened
US-NE	8/14/2003		heavy	Weakened (3 gens out of service)
Denmark/Sweden	9/23/2003		heavy	Weakened (1 nuclear unit out for maintenance)
Denmark/Sweden Italy	9/28/2003		heavy	Weakened (trip of Swiss 380 KV line Mettlen-Lavorgo
Croatia	12/1/2003	wind,cold,ice, rain	normal	weakened
Greece	7/12/2004	Hot	Heavy	weakened(4 150KV, a 125 MW & 300MW unit out)
Moscow/Russia	5/24-25/2005	Hot	Heavy	Weakened (loss of a cogen plant)
European Blackout	11/4/2006		normal	weakened as no of power plants shut down
				6

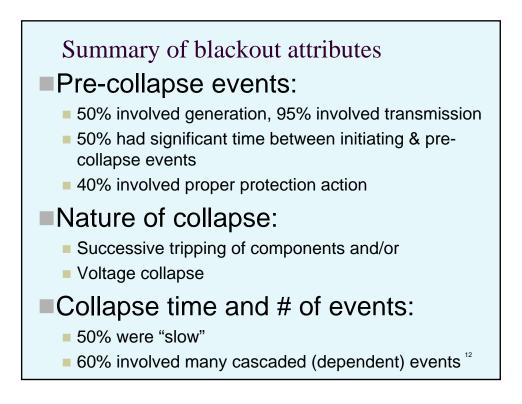
	US-NE	11/9/1965	Faulty Relay setting	N-1
	US-NE	7/13/1977	Lightening	N-2
	France	12/19/1978		
10	West Coast	12/22/1982	500 KV Tr tower failed due to high winds	N-1
	Sweden	12/27/1983	Disconector Failed	N-2
Ĩ,	Brazil	4/18/1984	Xmer shutdown due to overload, and load increase	N-1
EVENTS	Brazil	8/18/1985	1 phase to grd short ckt+ in-advertent protection operation	N-2
1 1 1 1	Hydro Quebec	4/18/1988	Ice causes flashover	N-3
	US-West	1/17/1994	Earthquake	many
>	Brazil	12/13/1994	human error	2 D.C. bipoles blocked
ш	US-West	12/14/1994	Single phase to gnd fault, relay misop.	N-2 (inadvertent of additional 345KV ckt)
C	Brazil	3/26/1996	human error+inadvertent prot. operation	N-1
FRIGGERING	US-West	7/2/1996	Tree Flashover followed by relay misop.	N-1
	US-West	7/3/1996	Tree Flashover	N-1
	US-West	8/10/1996	Tree Flashover	N-1
	MAPP, NW Ontario	6/25/1998	lightening	N-1
	San Francisco	12/8/1998	human error	no of lines
2 D	Brazil	3/11/1999	Bus Fault	Multiple lines (> N-6)
U.	Brazil	5/16/1999	Inadvertent protection operation	Many
	India	1/2/2001		
	Rome	6/26/2003	high load demand	
	US-NE	8/14/2003	Brush fire on a line (outage)	N-1
	Denmark/Sweden	9/23/2003	Nuclear Plant trips (technical problem), double busbar fault	N-1
	Italy	9/28/2003	Tree Flashover	N-1
	Croatia	12/1/2003	Breaker failure	N-1
	Greece	7/12/2004	Load Increasing	N-1
	Moscow/Russia	5/24-25/2005	Load Increasing/Xmer bursting	
	European Blackout	11/4/2006	human error	many

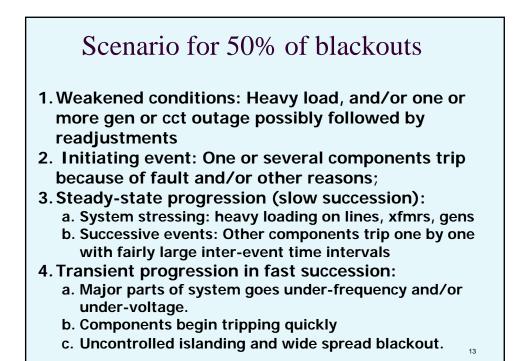
()	Location	Date	Generation trip	Transmission trip	Time between initiating and secondary, pre- collapse events
S	US-NE	11/9/1965	no	Four 230KV lines	few minutes
FZ	US-NE	7/13/1977	Yes	Yes	occurred in a sequence between 20 to 45 minutes after initial event
7	France	12/19/1978		yes	> 30 minutes
<u> </u>	West Coast	12/22/1982	No	Yes	Fast
ш	Sweden	12/27/1983	No	Yes	50 seconds
\geq	Brazil	4/18/1984	Xmer	yes	9-10 minutes
	Brazil	8/18/1985	No	yes	
ш	Hydro Quebec	4/18/1988	Transformer	yes	2-3 seconds
	US-West	1/17/1994	Yes	Yes	Fast
	Brazil	12/13/1994	yes	yes	
ш	US-West	12/14/1994	No	Yes	40-52 seconds
	Brazil	3/26/1996	Xmer	Yes	
S	US-West	7/2/1996	yes	yes	20 seconds
۵,	US-West	7/3/1996	No	yes	fast
	US-West	8/10/1996	yes (13 generators)	yes	5-7 minutes
4	MAPP, NW Ontario	6/25/1998	No	yes	44 minutes
	San Francisco	12/8/1998	yes	yes	16 seconds
	Brazil	3/11/1999	No	Yes	> 30 seconds
	Brazil	5/16/1999	No	Yes	
\bigcirc	India	1/2/2001			
$\boldsymbol{\times}$	Rome	6/26/2003	No	No	
()	US-NE	8/14/2003	yes	yes	more than 2 hours
Ť	Denmark/Sweden	9/23/2003	yes	yes	5 minutes
111	Italy	9/28/2003	No	Yes	25 minutes
Ш	Croatia	12/1/2003	Yes	Yes	30 seconds
$\mathbf{\mathcal{L}}$	Greece	7/12/2004	Yes	No	10 minutes
L L	Moscow/Russia	5/24-25/2005	No	Yes	>12 hours
	European Blackout	11/4/2006	yes	Yes	30 minutes

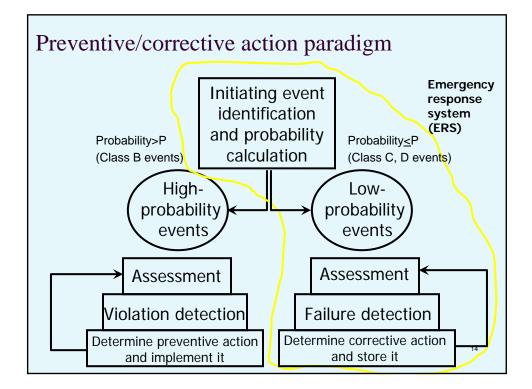
	Location	Date	Causes of secondary, pre-collapse events
	US-NE	11/9/1965	Proper protection operation (as designed) (overload protection)
	US-NE	7/13/1977	Lightening, Proper protection operation (overload+gen protection)
ш	France	12/19/1978	Proper protection operation (overload protection,out of step relays)
COLLAPS	West Coast	12/22/1982	Primary and secondary protection & communication failure
	Sweden	12/27/1983	Proper protection operation (overload protection), underfreq LS failure
	Brazil	4/18/1984	Simultaneous tripping of 7 ckts and Xfmer
	Brazil	8/18/1985	Protection failure (SPS setting)
l l	Hydro Quebec	4/18/1988	Communication failure followed by load shedding protection failure
	US-West	1/17/1994	Earthquake
	Brazil	12/13/1994	Inefficient Protection, loss of synchronism
O	US-West	12/14/1994	Proper protection operation (overload protection)
()	Brazil	3/26/1996	Proper protection operation
	US-West	7/2/1996	Proper protection operation (gen protection), relay misoperation
	US-West	7/3/1996	Relay Misoperation
	US-West	8/10/1996	Trees, protection (relay) failure
ЦО	MAPP, NW Ontario	6/25/1998	Lightening trip another 345 kV line followed by proper ovrload protection
	San Francisco	12/8/1998	No local protection, topology, delayed remote protection
	Brazil	3/11/1999	Proper protection operation (overload protection)
	Brazil	5/16/1999	Inadvertent Protection operation
\sim	India	1/2/2001	
	Rome	6/26/2003	High Load, low generation, reduction in import
	US-NE	8/14/2003	Proper protection operation
	Denmark/Sweden	9/23/2003	Switching device breaks , Proper protection operation (generator and overload protection)
NATURE	Italy	9/28/2003	Unsuccessful reclosing, Tress, loss of synchronism, dynamic intercaction leading to voltage collapse
\square	Croatia	12/1/2003	Protection failure
	Greece	7/12/2004	Proper protection operation
	Moscow/Russia	5/24/2005	6 lines from HV substation tripped due to faults and overloading
	European Blackout	11/4/2006	Proper protection operation

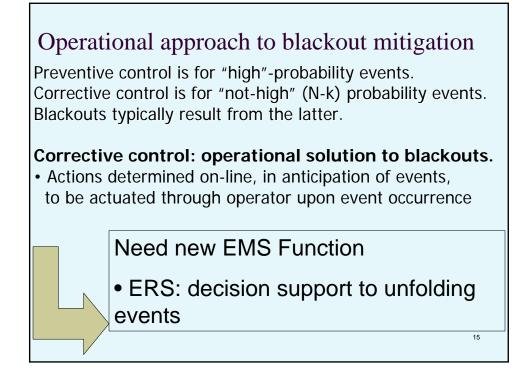
	Location	Date	Collapse time	#successive events
	US-NE	11/9/1965	13 minutes	Many
~~ <	US-NE	7/13/1977	1 hour	Many
$\infty >$	France	12/19/1978	> 30 minutes	Many
	West Coast	12/22/1982	few minutes	Many
ш (Л	Sweden	12/27/1983	> 1 minute	Many
EX	Brazil	4/18/1984	> 10 minutes	Topology
> 0	Brazil	8/18/1985		Topology
	Hydro Quebec	4/18/1988	< 1minute	Many
	US-West	1/17/1994	1 minute	3
Γ ハご	Brazil	12/13/1994		many
	US-West	12/14/1994		substation topology
川 い ラ	Brazil	3/26/1996		Topology
	US-West	7/2/1996	36 seconds	Several
м ⊃ Ш	US-West	7/3/1996	> 1 minute	Prevented by fast op. action
っるへ	US-West	8/10/1996	> 6 minutes	Many
ちのノ	MAPP, NW Ontario	6/25/1998	>44 minutes	substation topology
≪пш	San Francisco	12/8/1998	16 seconds	many
<u>``LL</u> 🛏	Brazil	3/11/1999	30 seconds	substation topology
	Brazil	5/16/1999		Topology
	India	1/2/2001		
$\overline{}$	Rome	6/26/2003		
\mathbf{O} .	US-NE	8/14/2003	> 1 hour	Many
$\tilde{\Delta}$	Denmark/Sweden	9/23/2003	7 minutes	Many
	Italy	9/28/2003	27 minutes	Many
7	Croatia	12/1/2003	few seconds	many
2	Greece	7/12/2004	14 minutes	few
	Moscow/Russia	5/24-25/2005	14 hours	Many
	European Blackout	11/4/2006	30 minutes	Many

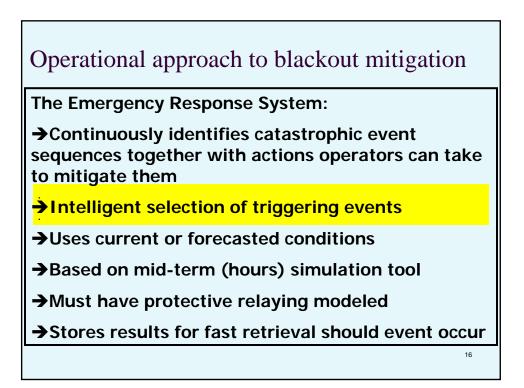










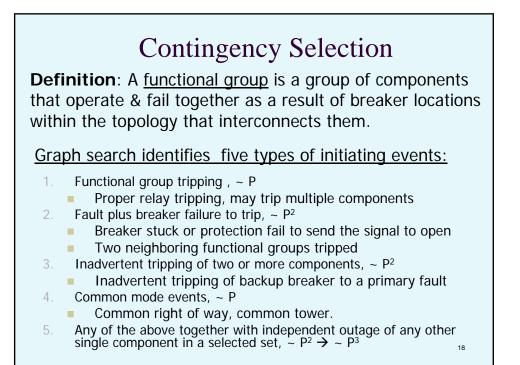


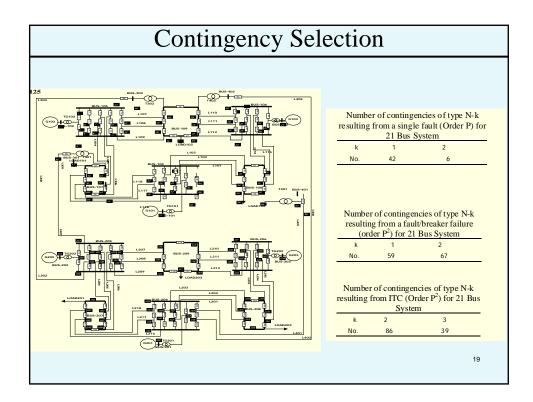
High-Risk Triggering Events

- 1. Functional group tripping
 - Proper relay tripping, may trip multiple components
- 2. Fault plus breaker failure to trip
 - Breaker stuck or protection fail to send signal to open
 - Two neighboring functional groups tripped
- 3. Inadvertent tripping of 2 or more components
 - Inadvertent tripping of backup breaker to a primary fault

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- 4. Common mode events
 - Common right of way, common tower.
- 5. Any of above together with independent outage of any other single component





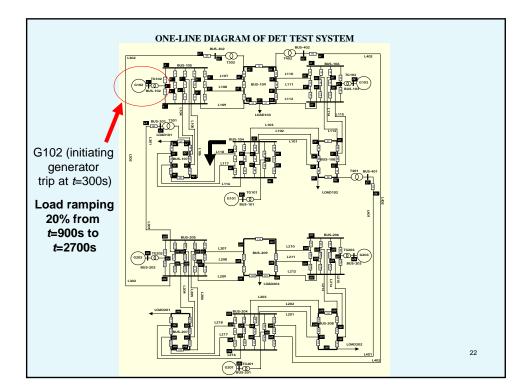
Us	e grapl	n-seard	ch to i	denti	fy fur	nctior	nal g	roups	s, and	order	P ar	nd P ²	conti	ngen	cie
	Number of components in the system														
	Type Bus Line Xfmr Gen Shunt														
	-	No.		1549		1830	0	69	7	353		357	7		
	Numbe	er of cor	tinger	cies o	f type	N-k	result	ing fr	om a si	ngle fa	ult (C	Drder F	2)		
	k	1	2	3	4	5		6	7	8	9	10	-	1	
	No.	2022	468	49	14	5	5	3	2	1	0	0		1	
umb	er of co	ontingen	cies o	f type	N-k r	esulti	ng fro	om a fa	ault/bre	eaker f	ailure	(order	: P ²)		
k	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	1
No.	3011	1248	356	134	63	31	23	0	1	1	7	1	0	0	1
Se	earching	g Time t	o Iden	tify C	onting	gencie	es (2.4	4Ghz l	Pentiun	n)					
Sys	tem Sc	ale (No	of Bu	ses)		24		1	549		5,0	000		10,	000
	Tim	e (Seco	nd)			0.01			0.63		2.	08		1	17

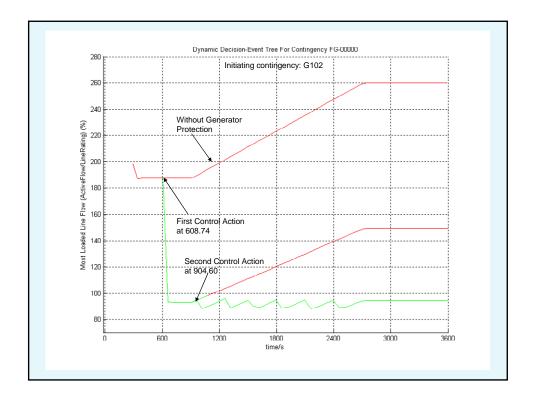
Simulator

- 1. Seamless interface with & simulation on node-breaker model for proper identification of initiating & successive events
- 2. Model full range of dynamics:
 - Fast dynamics, including generator, excitation, governor
 - Slow dynamics, including AGC, boiler, thermal loads
- 3. Model condition-actuated protection action that trips element
 - Generator: field winding overexcitation, loss of field, loss of synchronism, overflux, overvoltage, underfrequency, and undervoltage
 - Transmission: impedance, zone 3, out-of-step
- 4. Identifies islanded condition and continues simulation in each
- 5. Saves & restarts from conditions at any time
- 6. Failure detection and prevention
- 7. SPEED is essential:
 - Adaptive time step using "theta" implicit integration method
 - Intelligent Jacobian updating
 - Sparsity-based coding and multi-frontal solver for Ax=b
 - Deploying on an IBM BlueGene supercomputer

Simulator is written in C++

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Final Comments on Operational Approach to Blackout Mitigation

- Number of major blackouts doubles every 10 years
- Various approaches to reduce frequency, mitigate severity
- Operators are last line of defense; they need better tools
- Preparing operators for rare events is fundamental to operating engineering systems having catastrophic potential; it has precedent in air traffic control, nuclear, & process control.
- Described approach is a generalization of already-existing event-based special protection systems, except here
 - response continuously developed on-line
 - actuation is done through a human