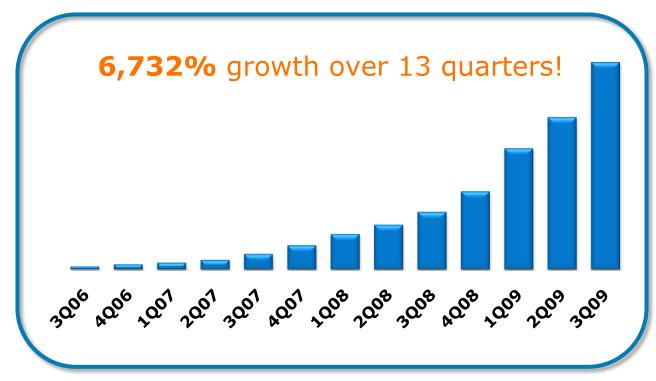


Addressing Current and Future Wireless Demand

Dave Wolter
Executive Director – Radio Technology
AT&T Architecture and Planning

Rising Demand and The Need to Innovate in the Network



- Technology
 - Efficiency
 - Migration
- Network Deployment
 - Architecture
 - Backhaul
 - Buildout
- Spectrum Management



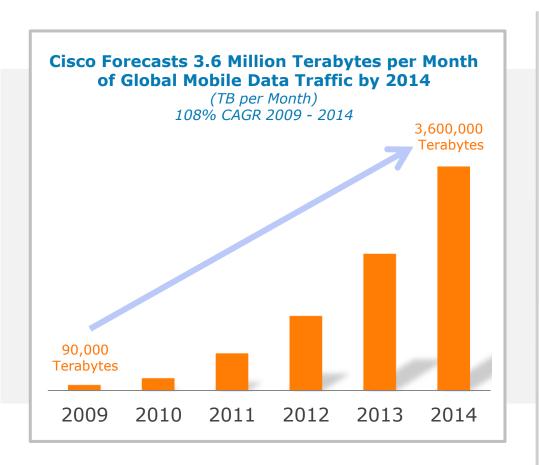
Quality of Experience

Growth in Demand is Accelerating!

Technology, Spectrum, Deployment and Quality are interrelated in a complex way and must be carefully planned and managed.



It Won't Just be AT&T Customer Demand is Surging



*Source: Cisco, VNI Mobile, 2010

- Mobile broadband growth outpaces every other platform**
- Pew estimates that by 2020, mobile devices will be the primary Internet devices for most people in the world ***
- The average smartphone user generates 10 times the amount of traffic generated by the average non-smartphone user*

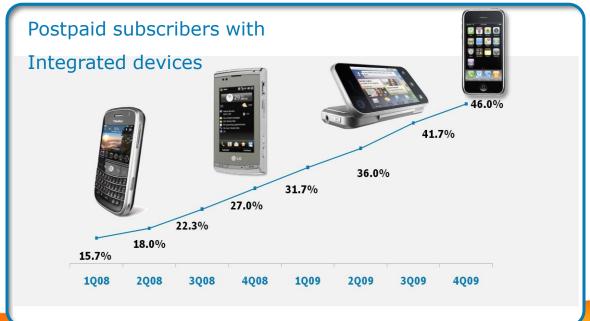


^{**}Source: CTIA, Written Ex Parte to FCC, Sept. 29, 2009

^{***}Source: Pew Internet & American Life Project, Dec. 2008

Factors for Data Growth

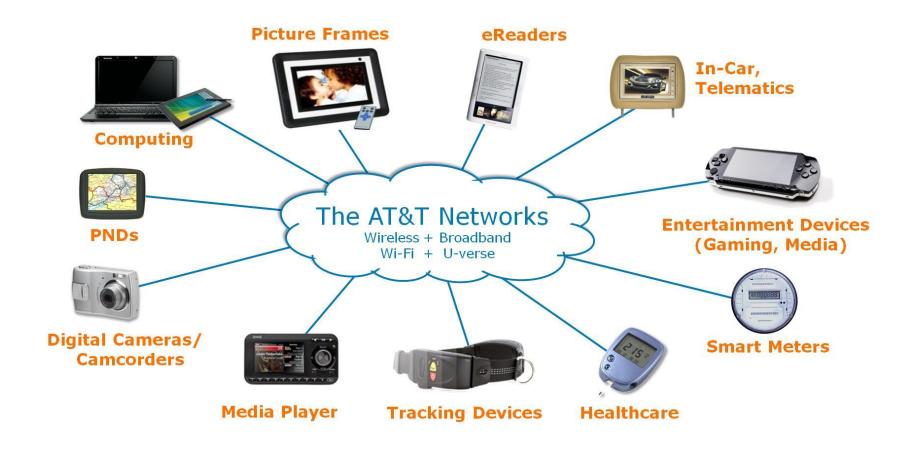




- AT&T has the most smartphone users in the US
- Devices are becoming easier to use
- •App stores beginning to proliferate
- Apps using increasing levels of network communication
- Higher use of email, VPN and web access on the go

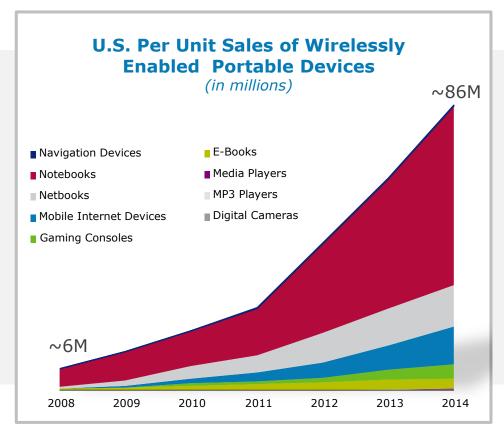


A New Generation of Connected Devices





Emerging Devices Taking Off and Expected to Maintain Growth



*Source: Strategy Analytics, U.S. Connected Device Forecast, Jan. 2010

By 2014:

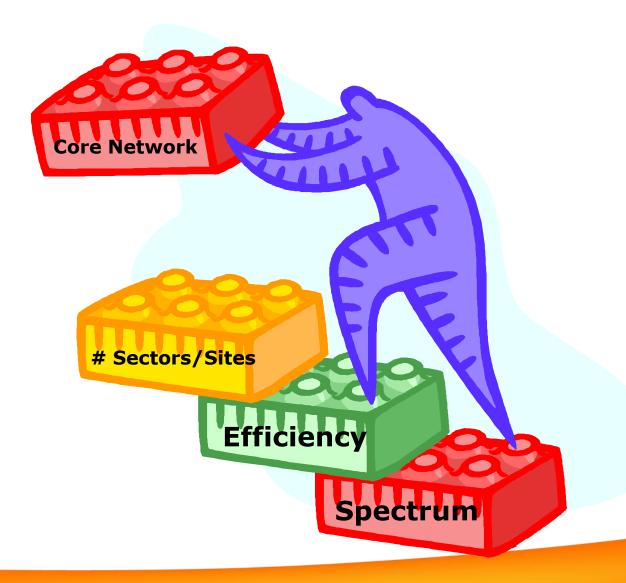
- About 86 million devices
- More than a quarter of emerging devices in the world projected to be in U.S.**
- Annual U.S. retail market value of wirelessly enabled consumer devices estimated to be \$39B*
- In 4Q09, U.S. led the world in e-book downloads.***

** Source: Strategy Analytics, U.S. Connected Device Forecast, Jan. 2010 and
Strategy Analytics, Wireless Consumer Electronics Global Market Forecast May 2009

***Source: Wattpad, Global 4Q09 Ebook Metrics Reports, Dec. 2009



The Building Blocks of Capacity





How Do We Address This Growth

Coverage and Propagation

- Aggressively adding cell sites
- Acquisitions to improve coverage
- Addition of new UMTS channels in 850 MHz

Capacity and throughput - Technology Upgrades

- Aggressive 3G build-out plans, upgrade to HSPA 7.2
- Deployment of additional HSPA carriers
- Enhanced backhaul (fiber based Ethernet)
- Continued evolution of RAN technology

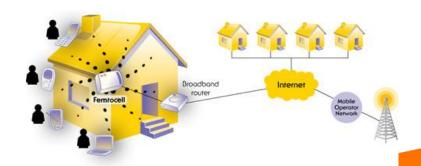
UMTS/HSPA → Evolved HSPA → LTE → LTE Advanced

Additional Spectrum

- 700 MHz spectrum
- AWS spectrum (1.7 GHz/2.1 GHz)

<u>Offload Data – Heterogeneous Networks</u>

- Femtocells
- WiFi
- Cellular/Wi-Fi Integration





LTE Deployment

AT&T 700 MHz Spectrum

Used **exclusively** for LTE

Excellent propagation characteristics

Covers 100% of top 200 markets

Covers 87% of U.S. population

AT&T AWS Spectrum

Used for LTE in addition to 700 MHz





- · Initial focus is for data services
- CSFB to UMTS for voice
- VoIP over LTE in future
- Moving to an IMS architecture

LTE Targets

High data rates

- •Peak data rates: at least 100 Mbps (DL) / at least 50 Mbps (UL)
- •Average user throughput: 3-4 times (DL), 2-3 times (UL) HSPA reference
- •Cell-edge user throughput: 2-3 times (DL & UL) HSPA reference

Low latency

- User plane: Less than 10 ms (RAN RTT)
- Control plane: Less than 100 ms (idle → active)

High spectral efficiency

- Three times HSPA R6 baseline
- Improved performance for broadcast services

Simplicity

• Less signaling, auto-configuration of eNodeB

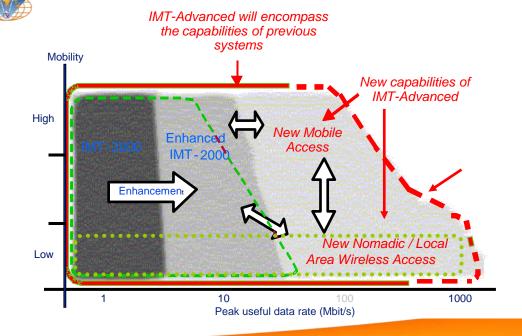
Spectrum flexibility

- Deployable in a wide range of different spectrum allocations of different sizes
- Unpaired and paired spectrum, variable duplex distance



LTE-Advanced (likely 2014 or later)

- Relays
- Advanced Interference Management
- CoMP
- Carrier aggregation
- Higher order MIMO up to 8x8, UL MIMO
- Multi-User MIMO
- Performance goals
 - Wider bandwidth
 - Up to 1 Gbps DL
 - Reduced latency
 - More spectrally efficient





3GPP Evolution of Wireless Networks

MSC: Mobile Switching Center RNC: Radio network Controller SIM SGSN: Serving GPRS Support Network 2**G GERAN** UTRAN: Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network CS Core **PSTN** RNC MGw USIM Iub 3**G** HLR HSS IMS Core **UTRAN** Node B PDF Iub IP Network CSCF PS Core LTE USIM/ISIM

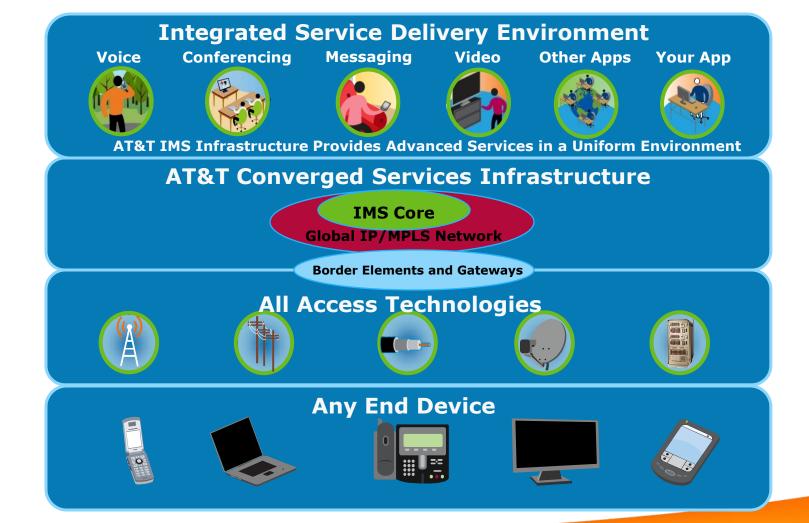


BSC: Base Station Controller

HLR: Home Location Register

GERAN: GSM EDGE Radio Access Network GGSN: Gateway GPRS Support Network

Evolving the Core: AT&T Services Over IP Strategy: Layered Architecture





Connect people to their world, everywhere they live and work, and do it better than anyone else.

