

Urban Challenge 07

AnnieWAY

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**URBAN
CHALLENGE**





German Research Foundation



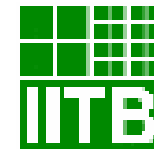
**University of Karlsruhe (TH)
Institute for Measurement and Control**



TU Munich



Universität der Bundeswehr



Fraunhofer IITB

Basic Navigation

- Vehicle is ready in 5 minutes after receiving the mission file
- Checkpoints are hit, vehicle stays in lane, speed limits and safety distances are obeyed...
- “Passing” of static obstacle
- U-turn and K-turn

Basic Traffic

- Correct order of precedence at 4 way stop
- Vehicle following

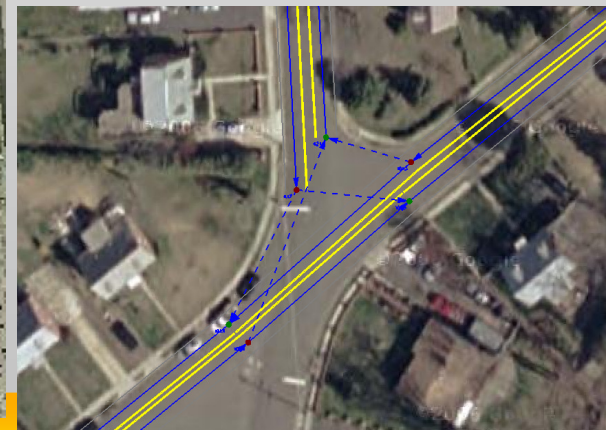
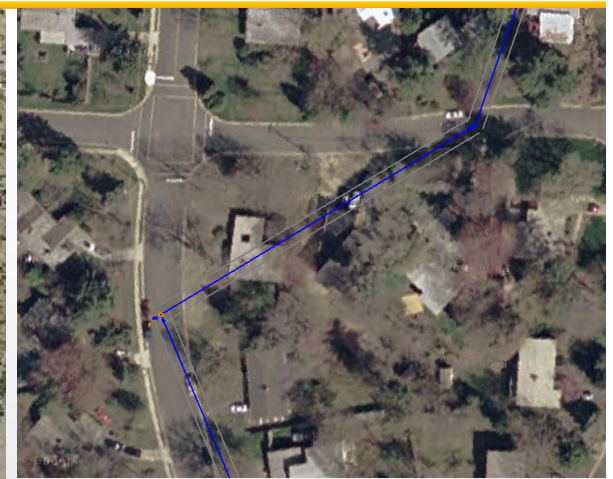
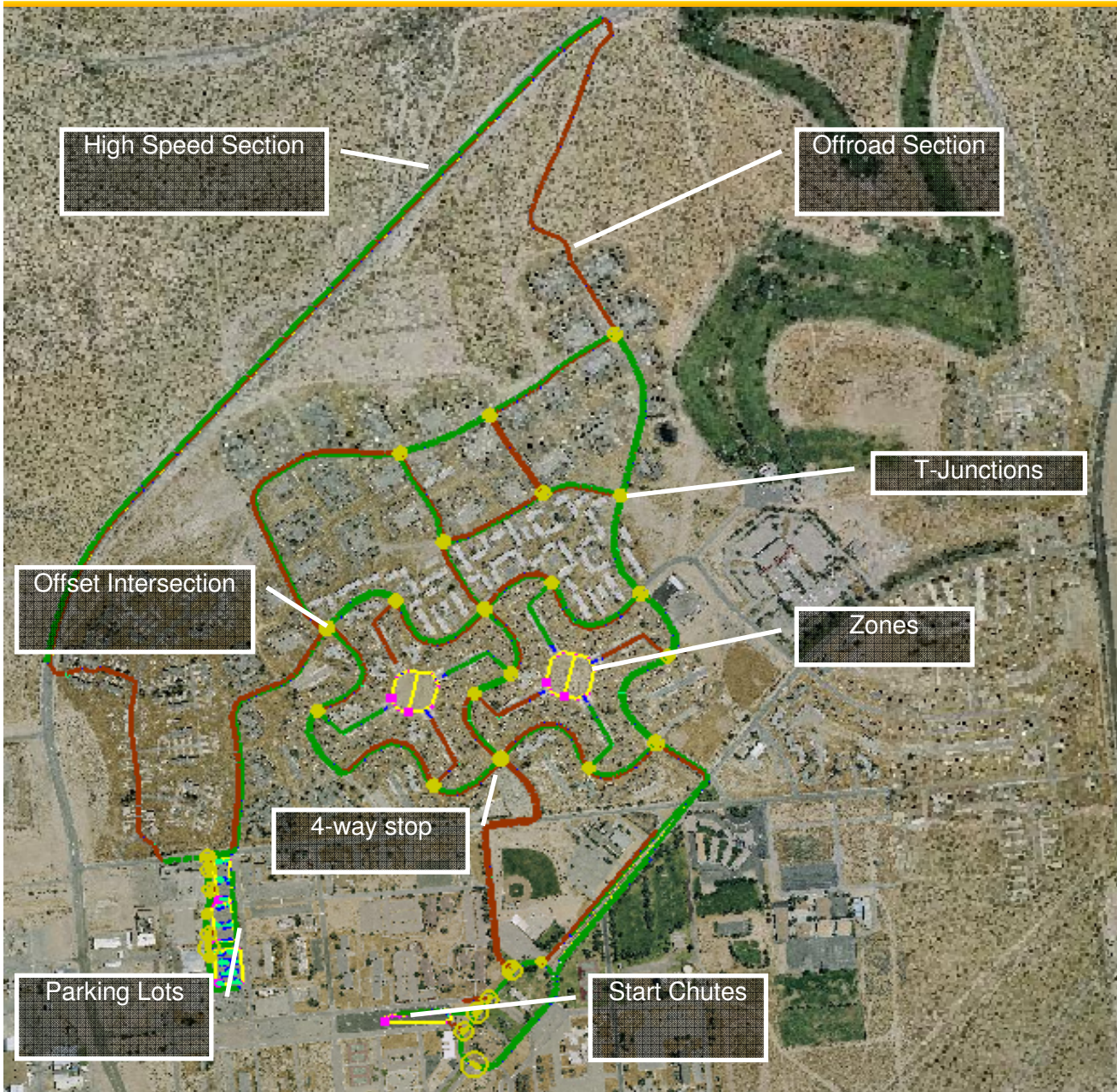
Advanced Navigation

- Obstacle field navigation
- Parking lot navigation
- Dynamic rerouting
- Lane following in areas with sparse waypoints
- Correct handling of GPS outages

Advanced Traffic

- Merging into moving traffic
- Left turn across a lane with oncoming traffic
- Zone (parking lot and obstacle field) navigation in the presence of oncoming traffic
- Emergency braking
- “Recovery” mode for congested intersections

Urban Challenge Requirements

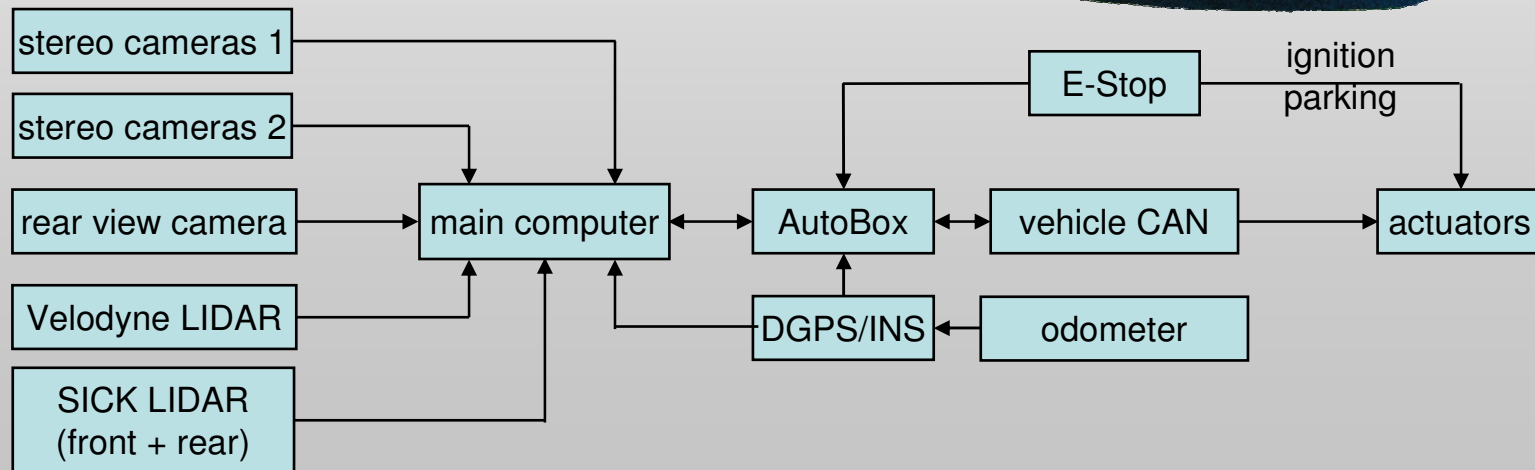


Project Timeline

- Jan 30: received vehicle
- Feb 06: first version of longitudinal control is working
- Feb 16: received Velodyne LIDAR (main sensor)
- Apr 12: e-stop is working
- Apr 12: first odometry based run
- Apr 13: received GPS/INU components
- Apr 13: video demonstration
- May 20: transport of the car to California; opening of AnnieWAY HQ
- Jun 01: finished and submitted technical report
- Jun 21: complete reengineering of AI: introduction of finite state machine
- Jun 26: site visit
- Oct 21: beginning of NQE
- Nov 1: first off-road tests
- Nov 3: finished and tested lane change and passing
- Nov 4: final event

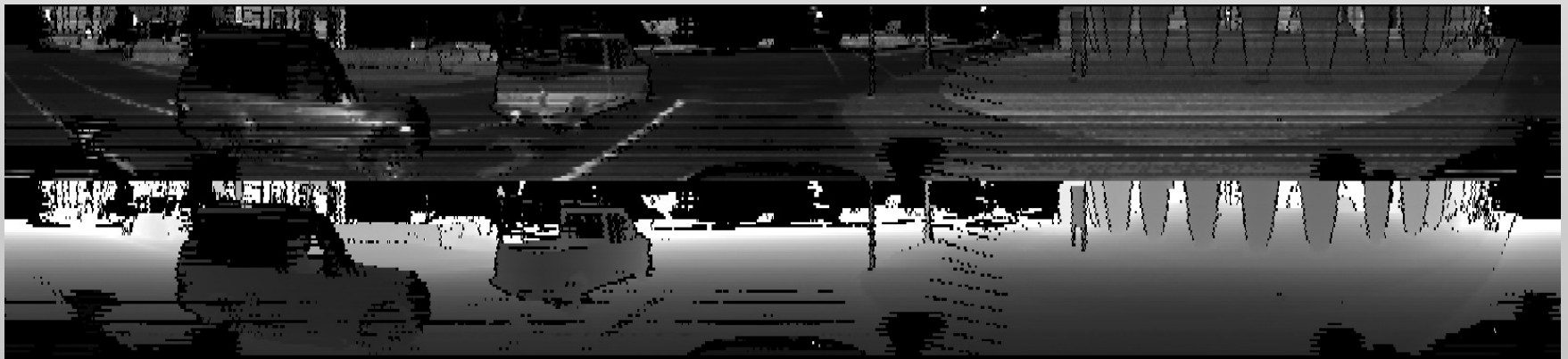
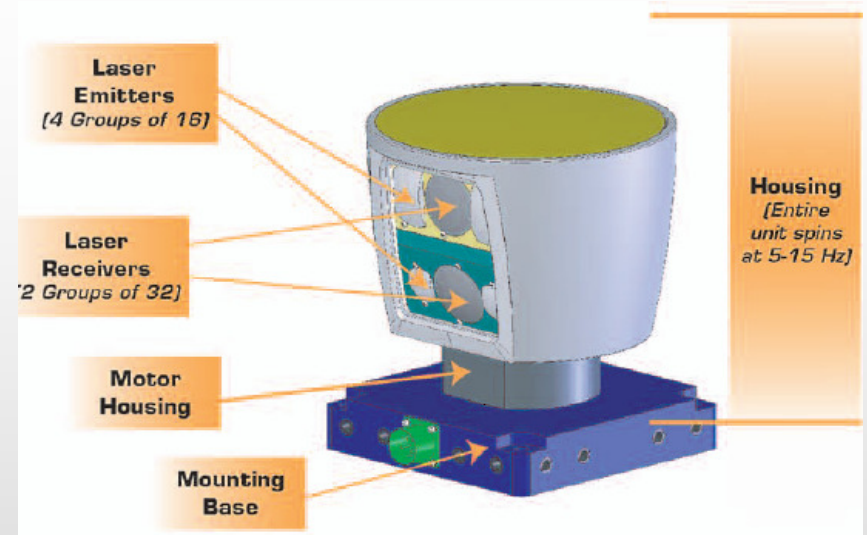
Hardware Setup

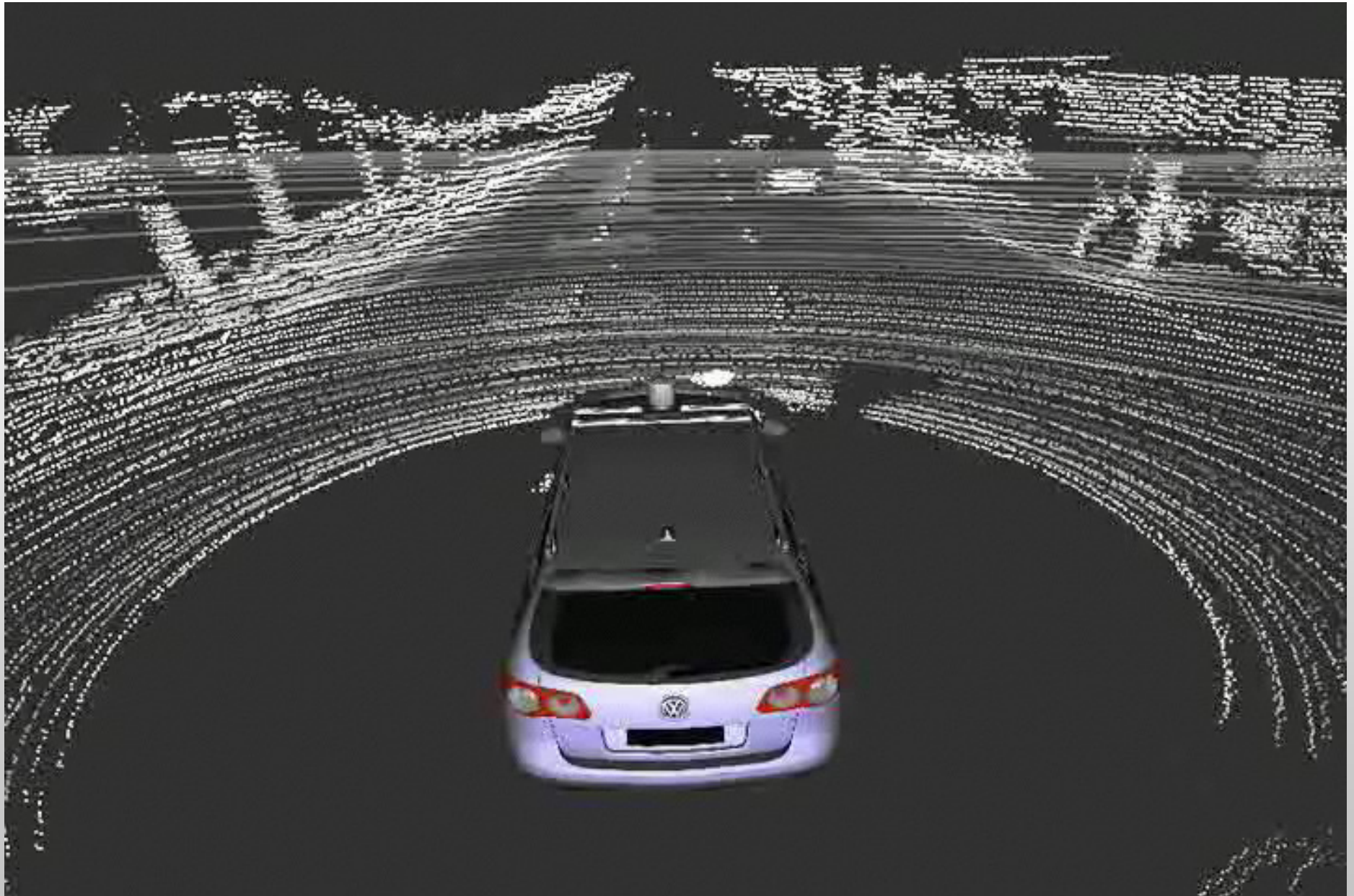
AnnieWAY



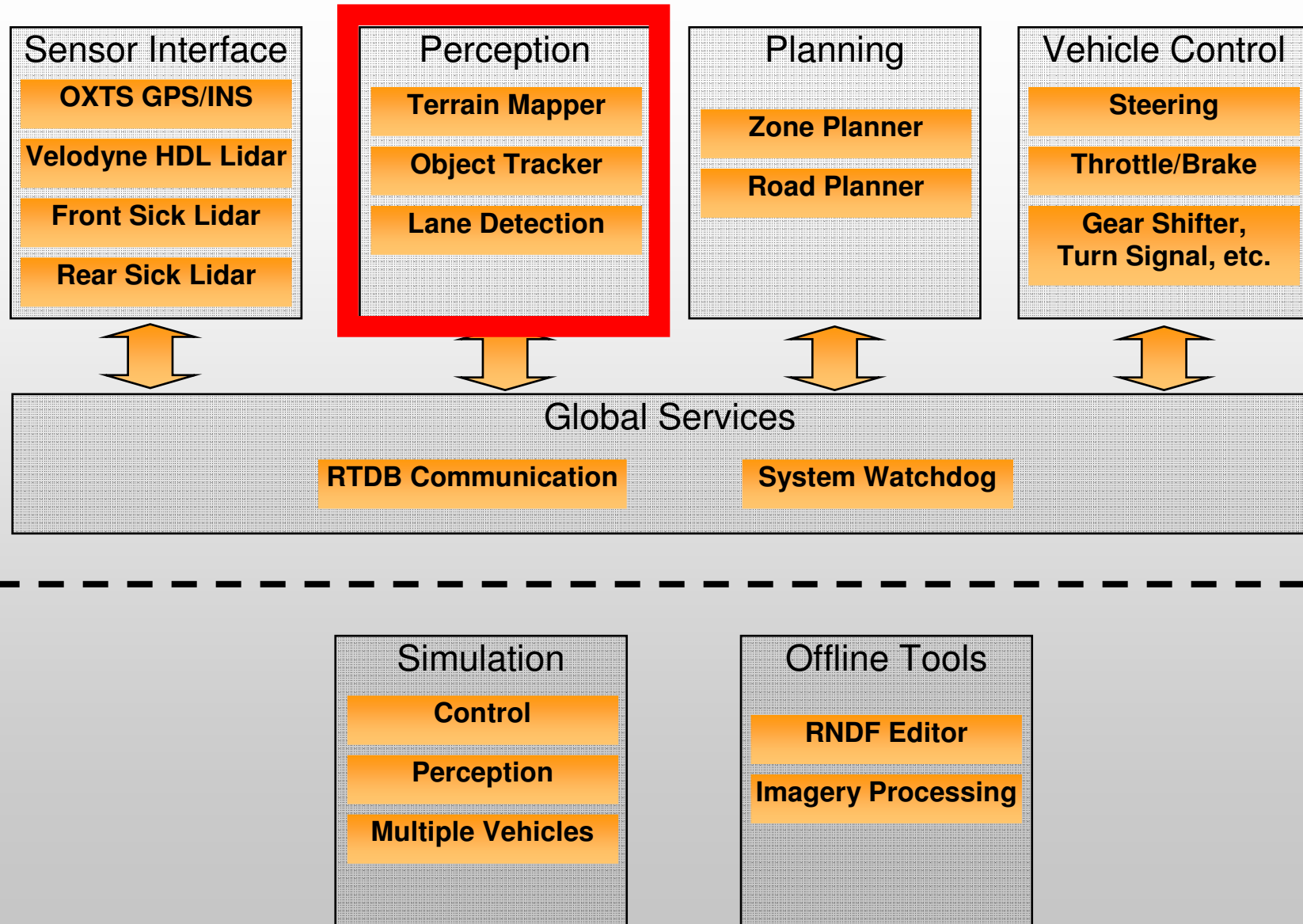
Velodyne HDL-64 Lidar

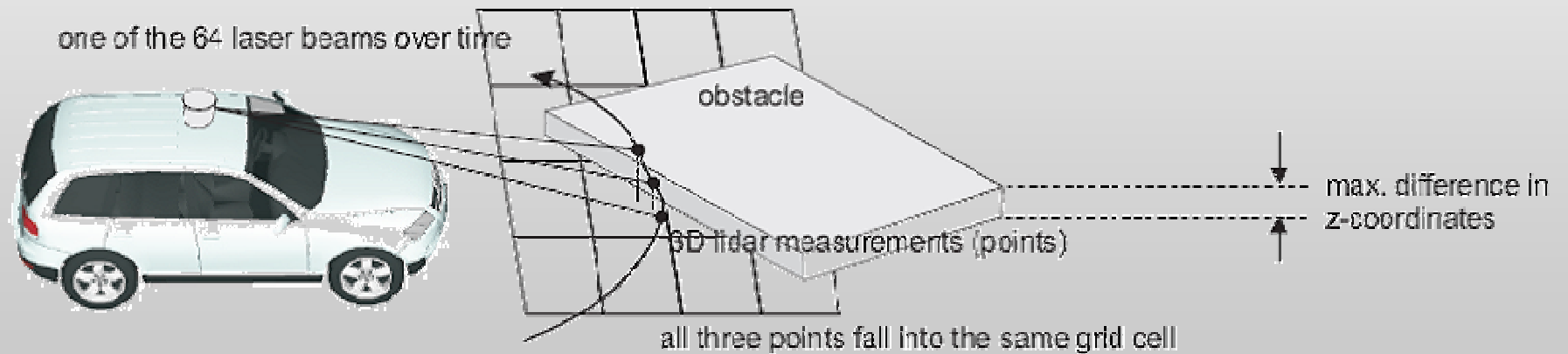
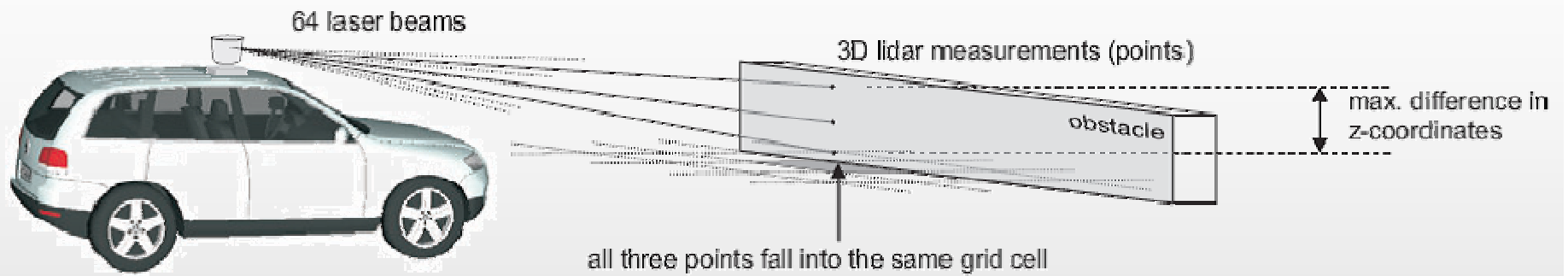
- High definition lidar scanner
- 360° horizontal/ 26.8° vertical FOV
- 120m range
- 5cm distance accuracy
- 15Hz update rate
- 1M points per second
- Distance and reflectivity





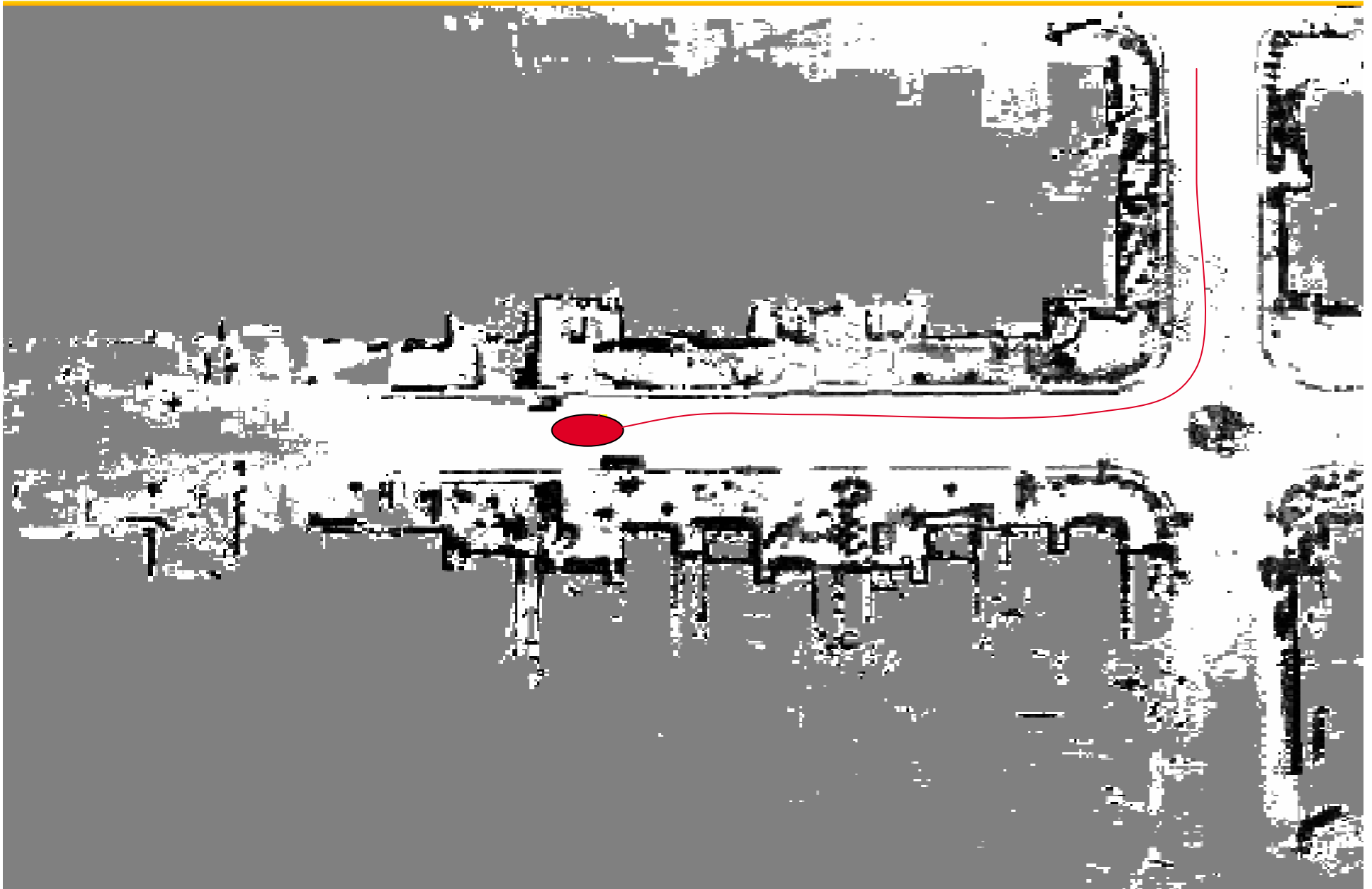
Software Architecture

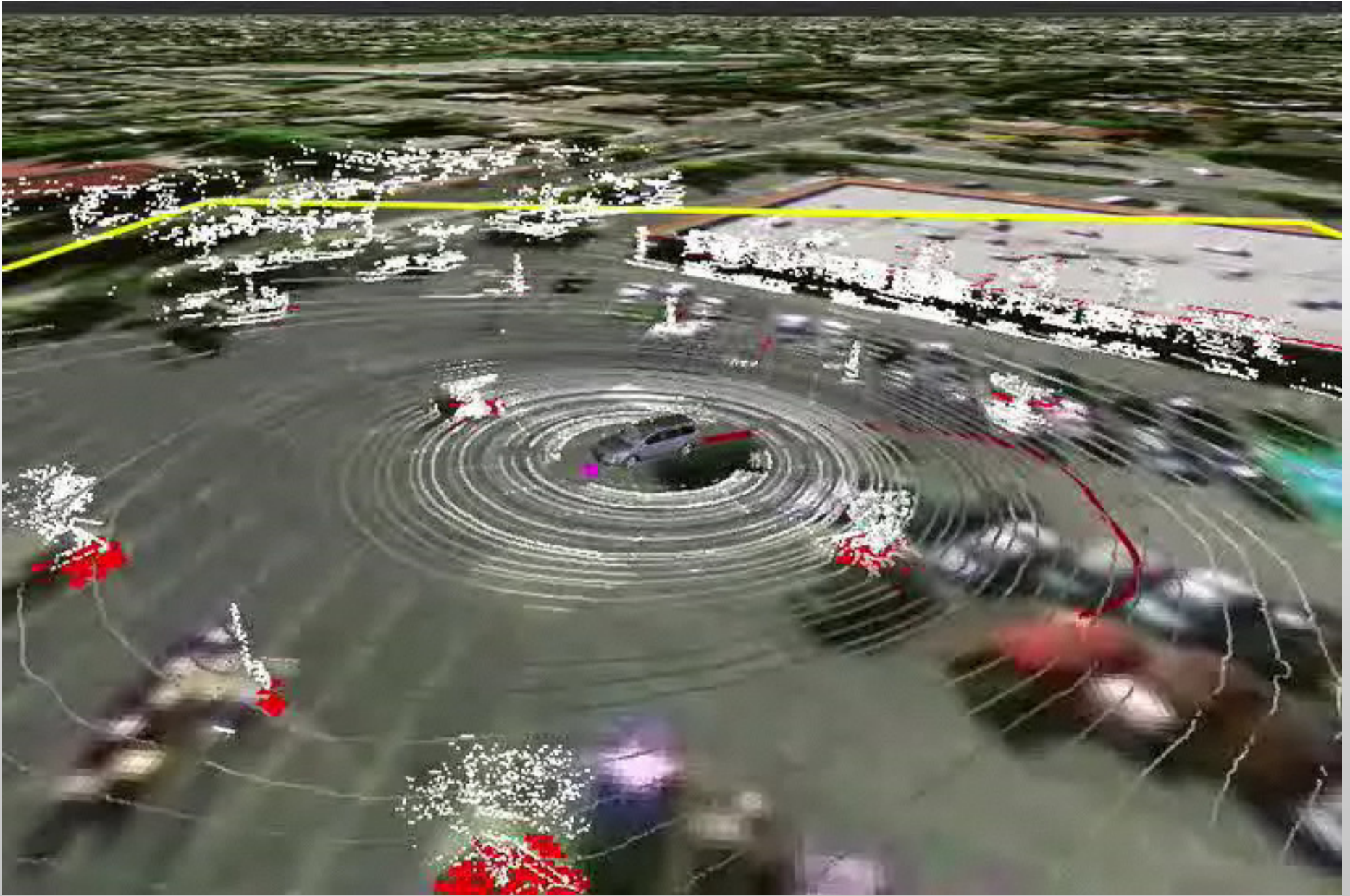




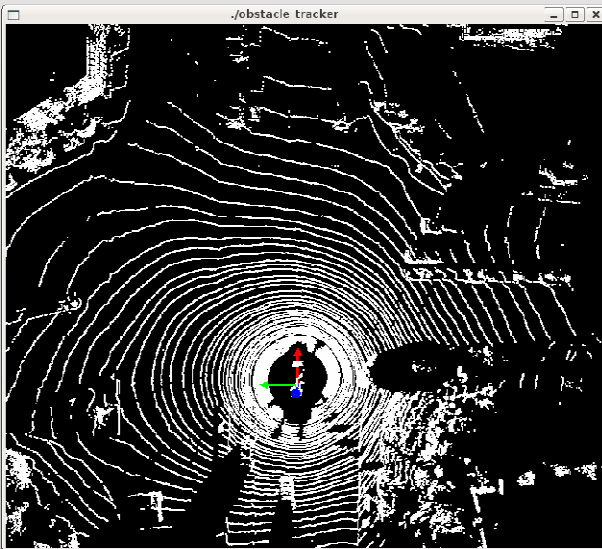
Perception – Grid Mapping

AnnieWAY

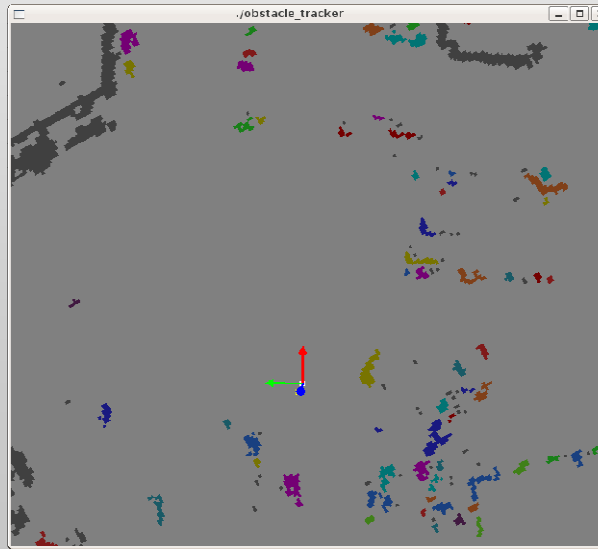




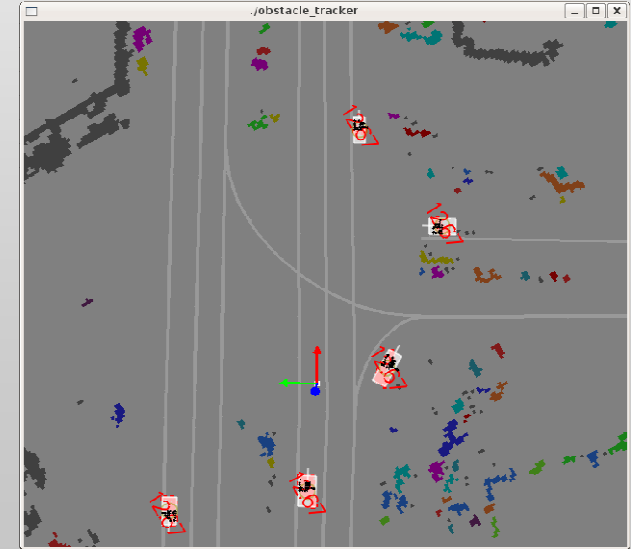
- Dynamic Obstacle Tracking
 - Data preprocessing
 - Obstacle detection
 - Obstacle tracking (pose and velocity)
 - Obstacle post processing and publishing



Lidar Data



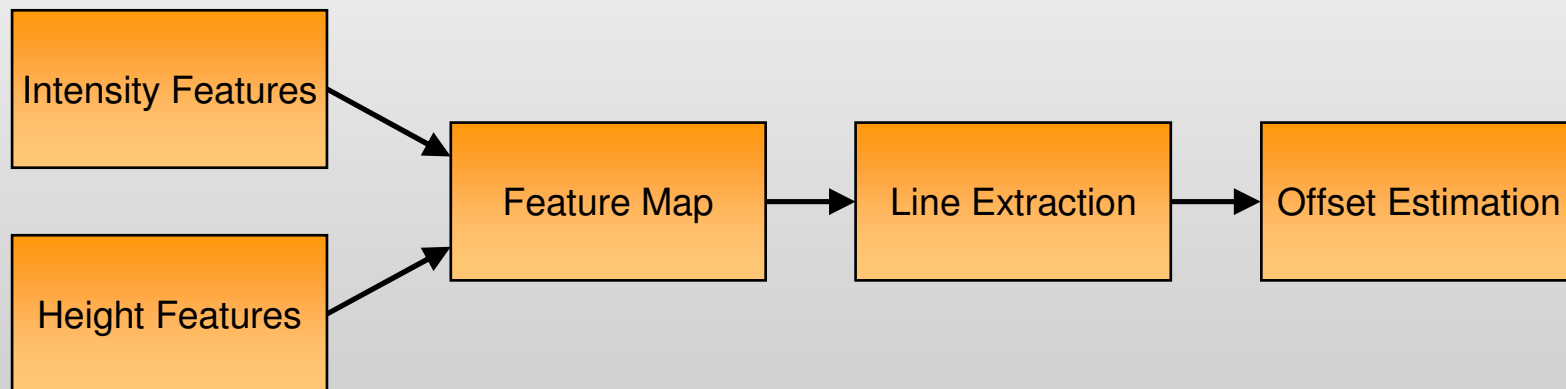
Clustered Obstacle Map

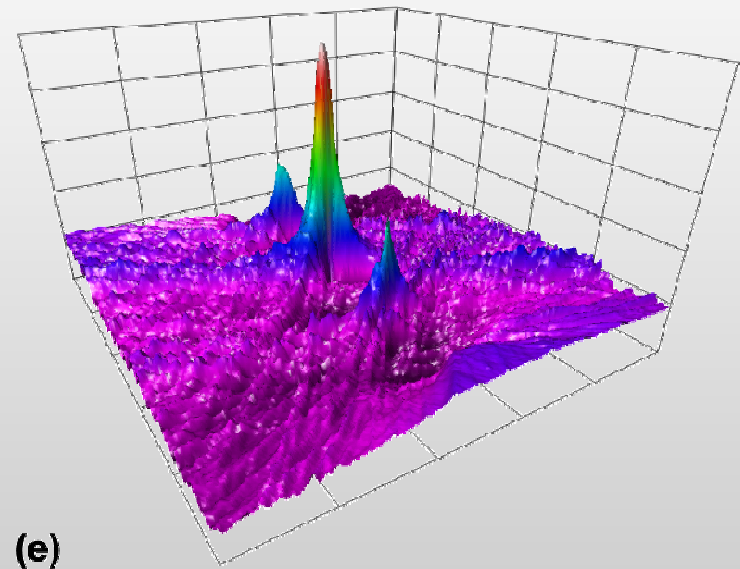
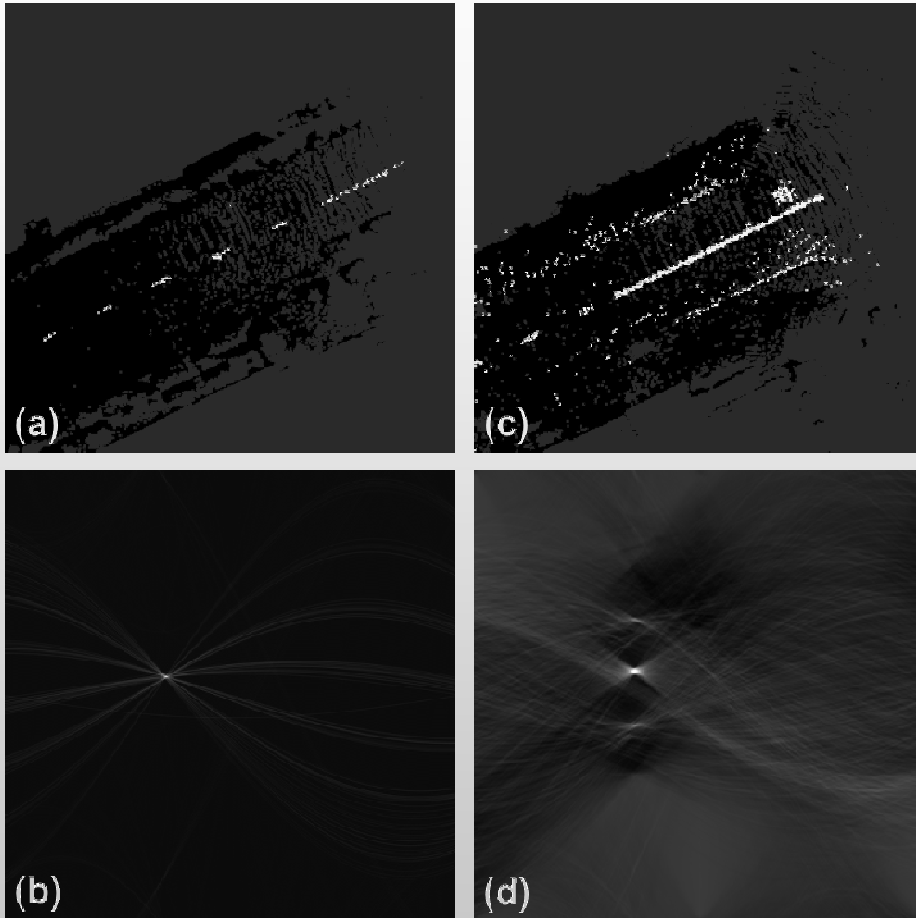


Tracked Obstacles

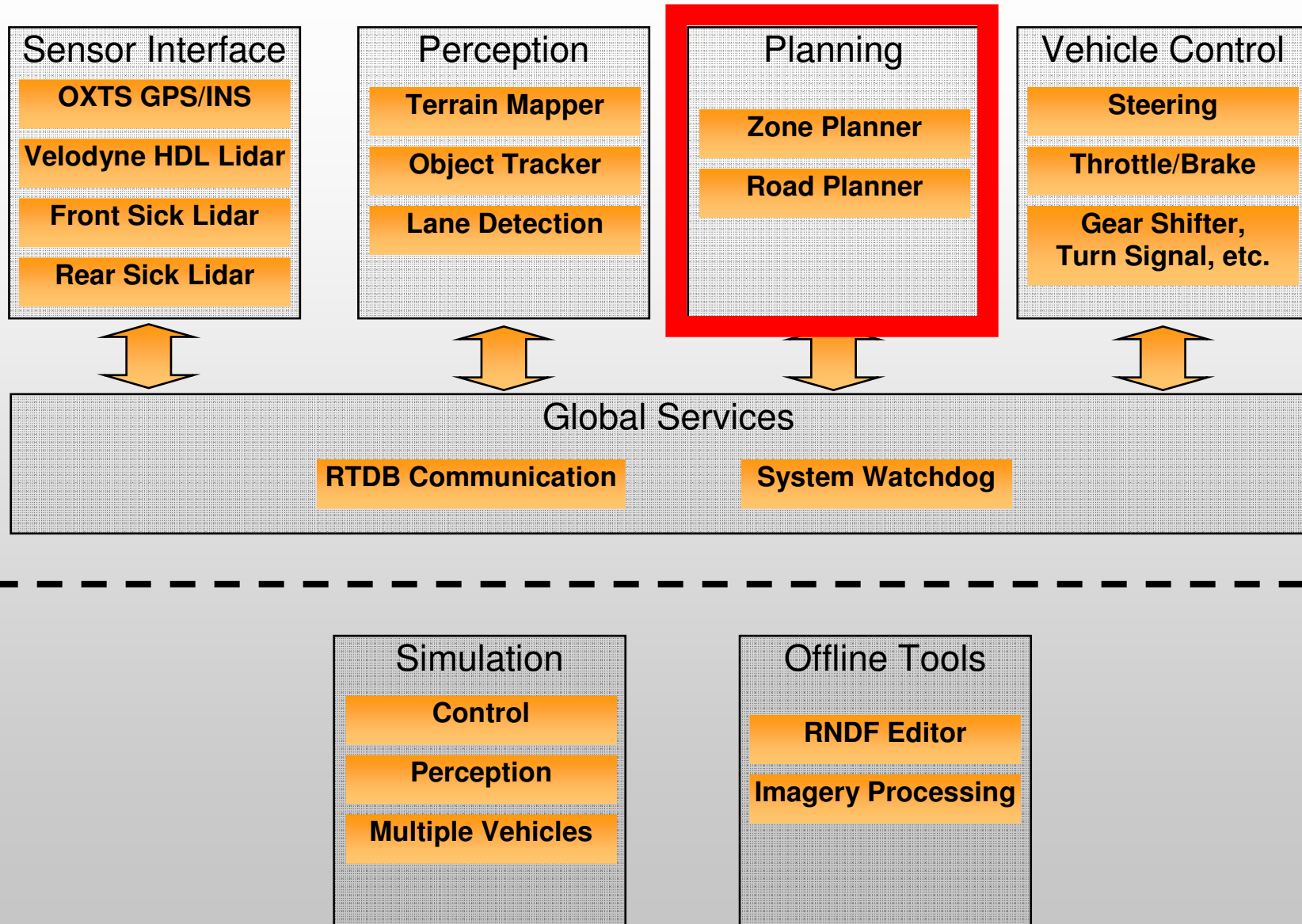


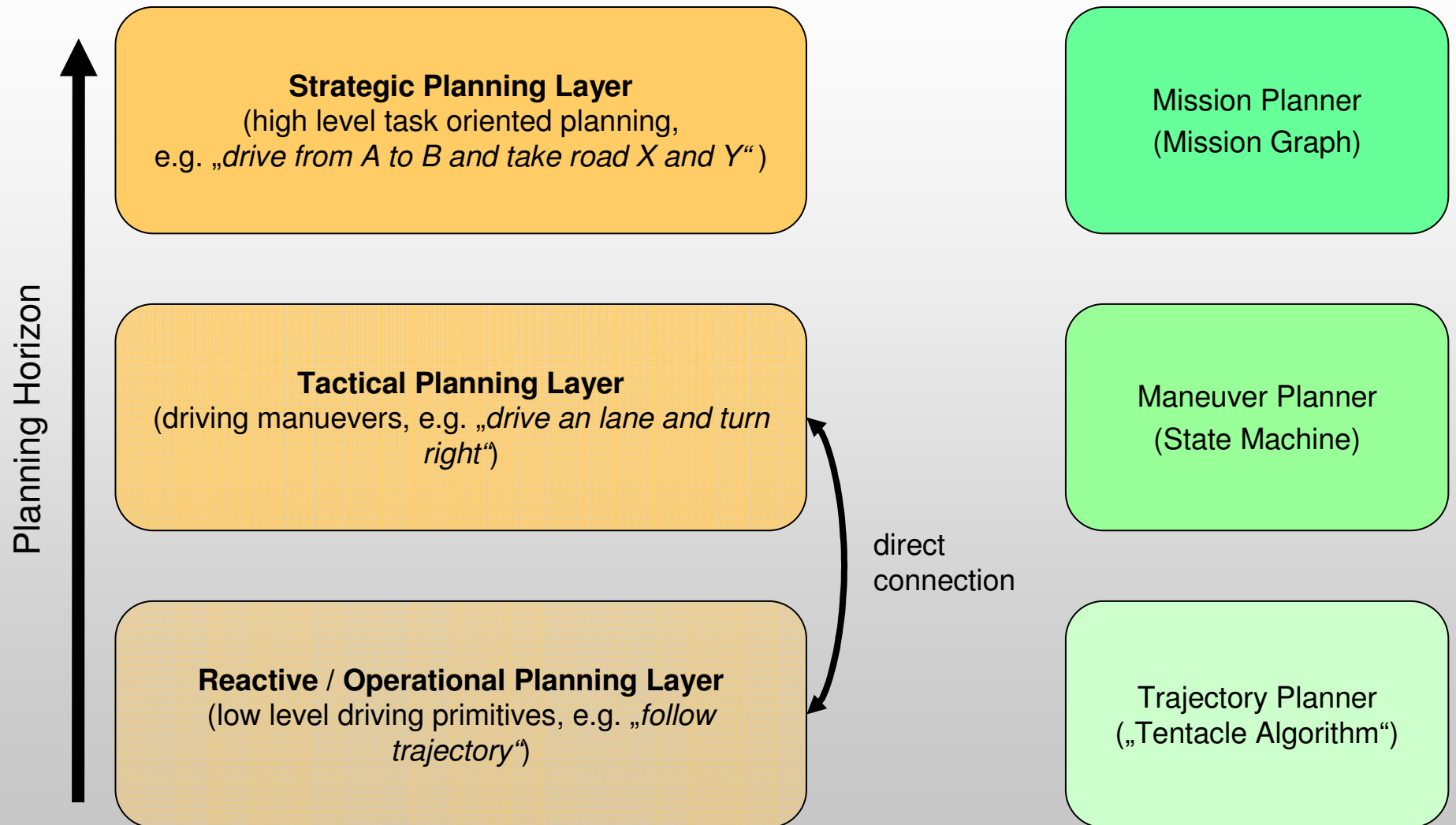
- Lane Detection
 - Feature mapping (intensity and height)
 - Line extraction (radon transform)
 - Localization offset calculation



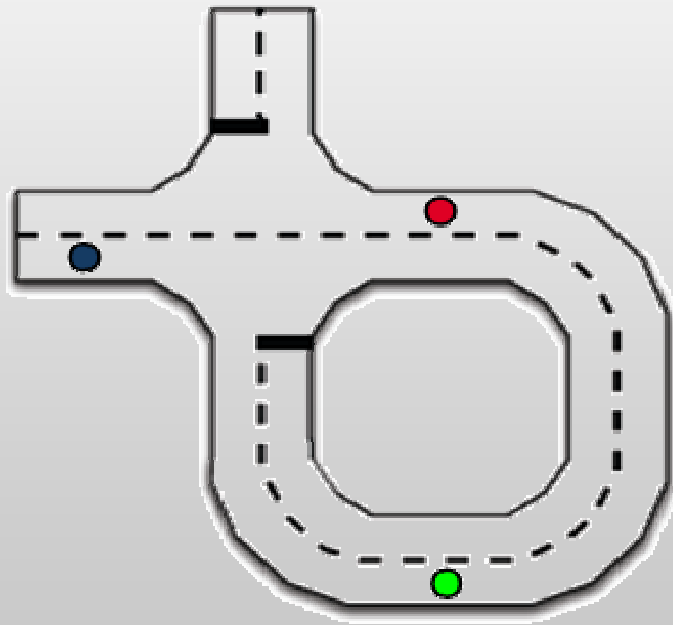


Software Architecture

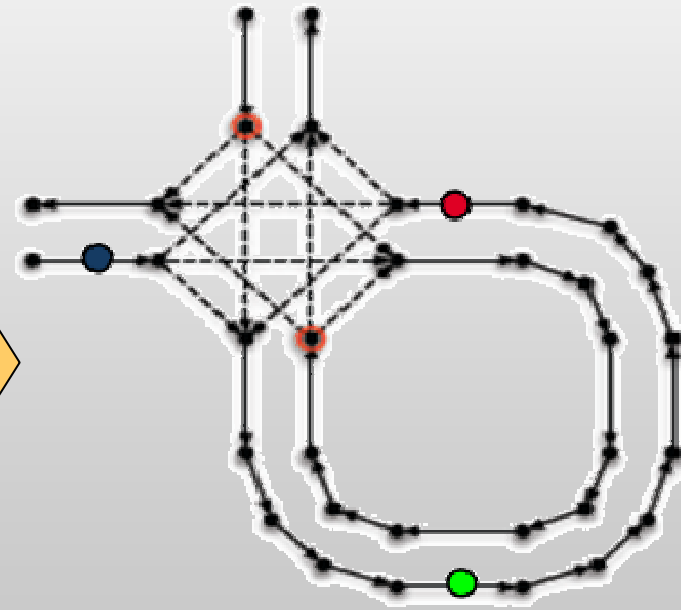
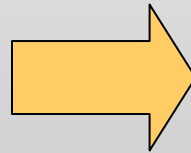




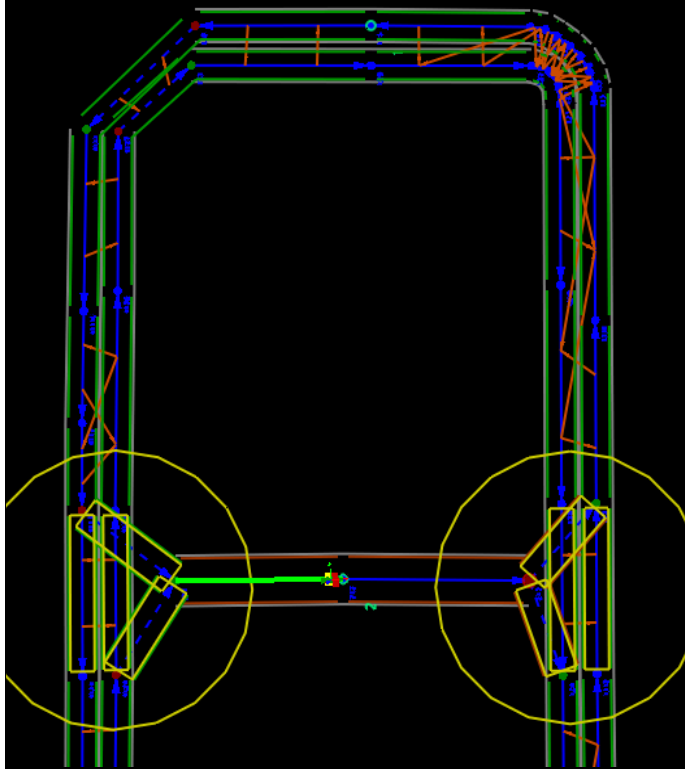
- Mission planner
 - Computes a strategic plan to accomplish mission once
 - Traverses all checkpoints
 - Mission re-planned on the fly



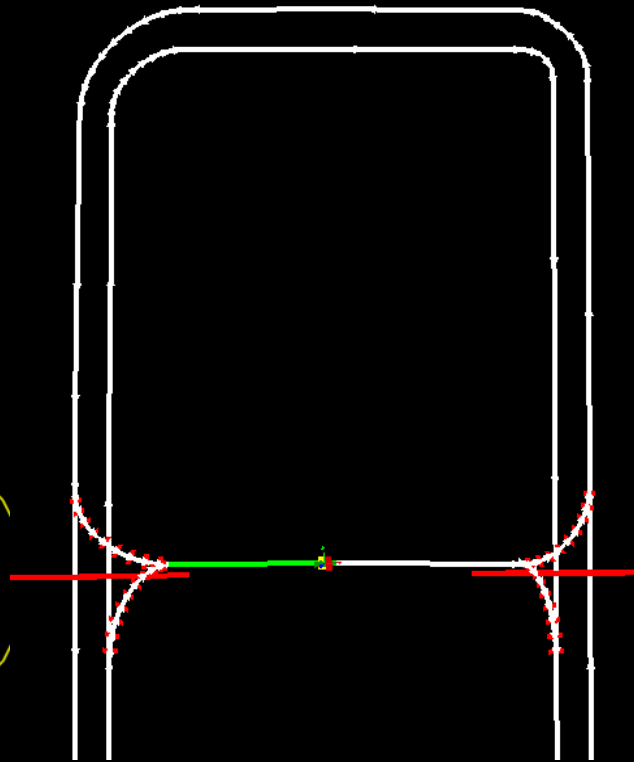
Road Network



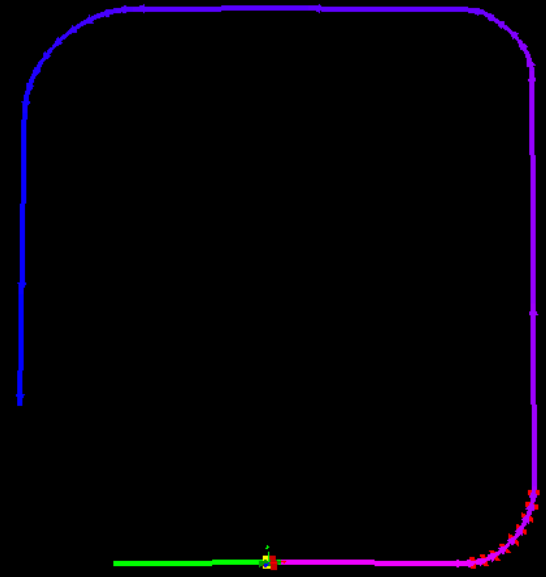
Mission Graph



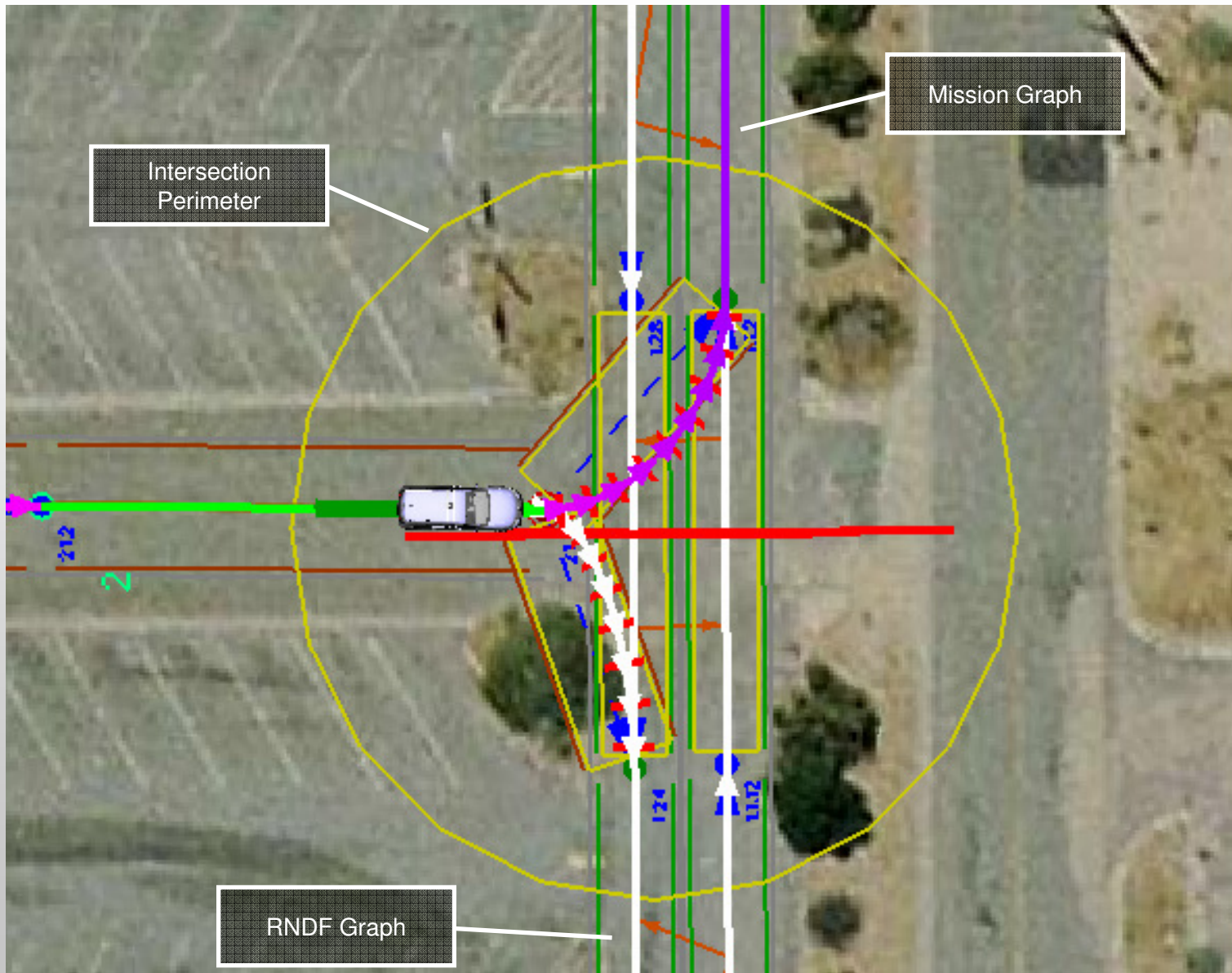
RNDF



RNDF Graph

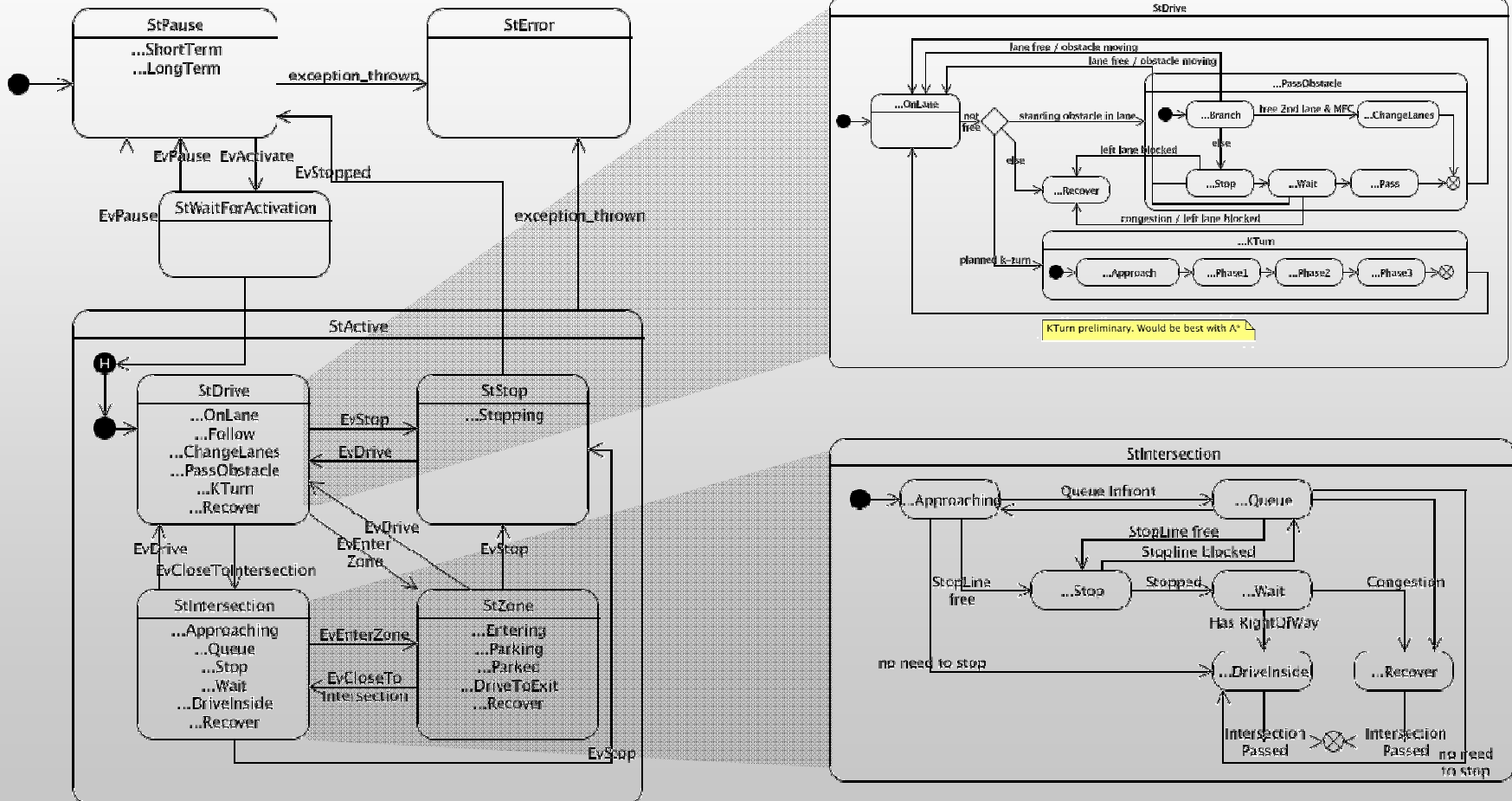


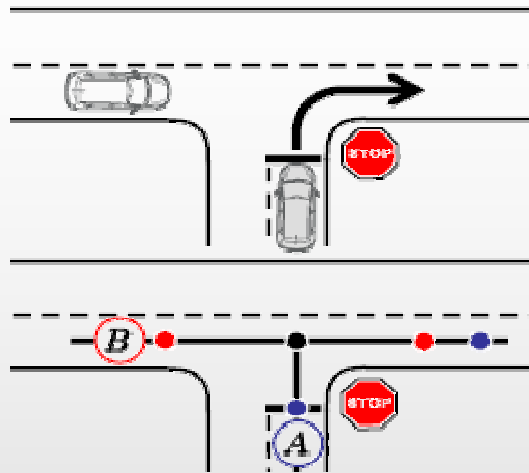
Mission Graph



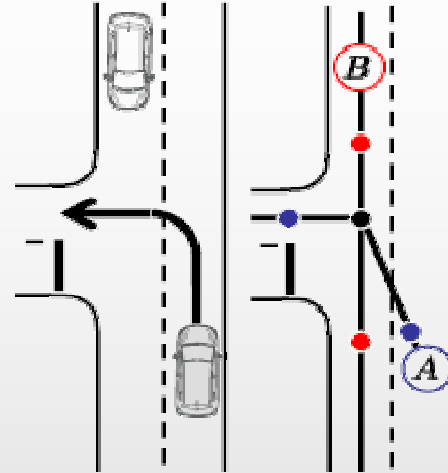
- **Maneuver planner**
 - Plans actual driving maneuvers depending on situation
 - Applies California traffic rules
 - Passing static and dynamic obstacles
 - Handling intersection (precedence, merging)
 - Performing u-turns
 - Following of other vehicles
 - Implements most recovery strategies
 - Concurrent Hierarchical State Machines (CHSM)
 - Easy to maintain and extend
 - Input: world state (pose, static grid, dynamic obstacles)
 - Output: trajectory, desired velocity

- Maneuver Planning with Concurrent Hierarchical State Machines (CHSM)

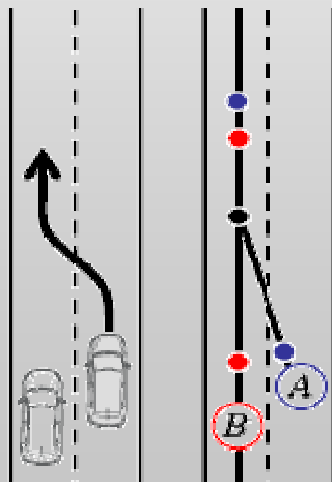




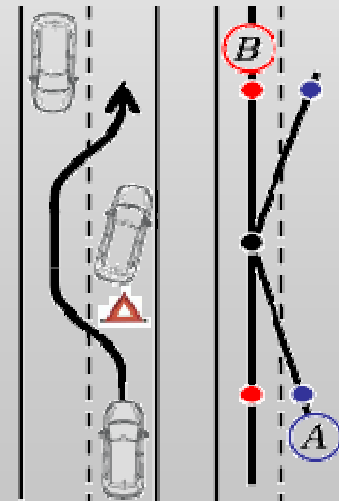
right-turn with stopping



left-turn without stopping

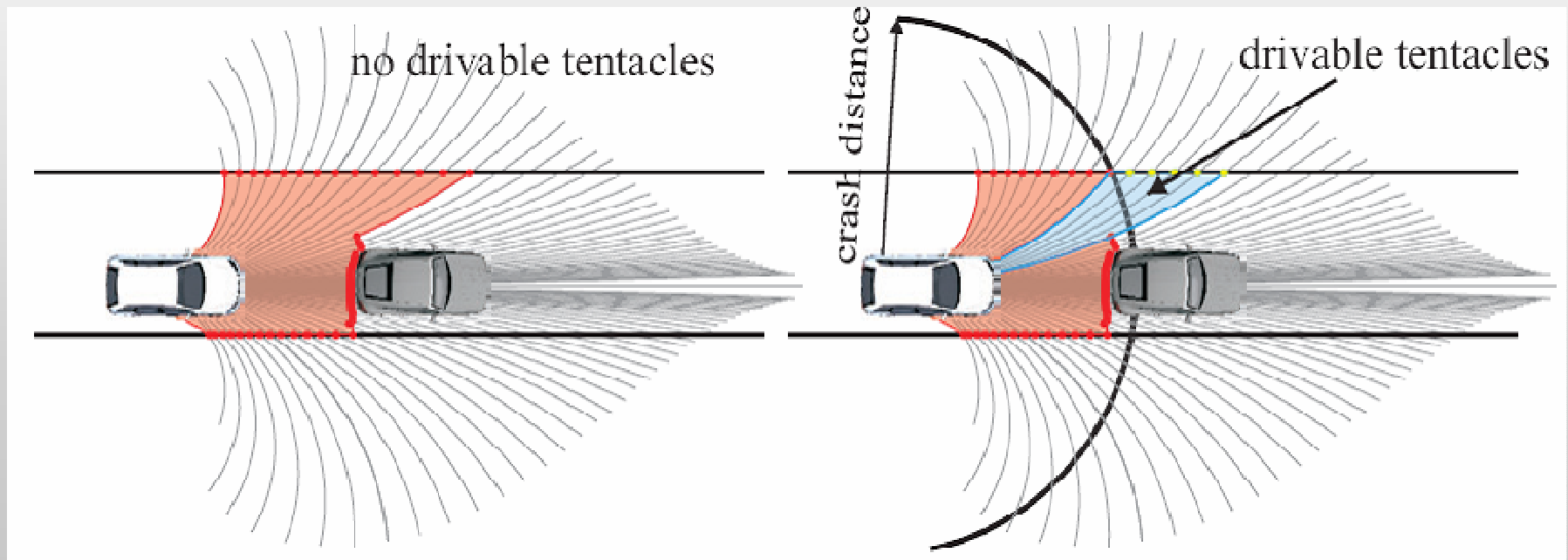


lane change

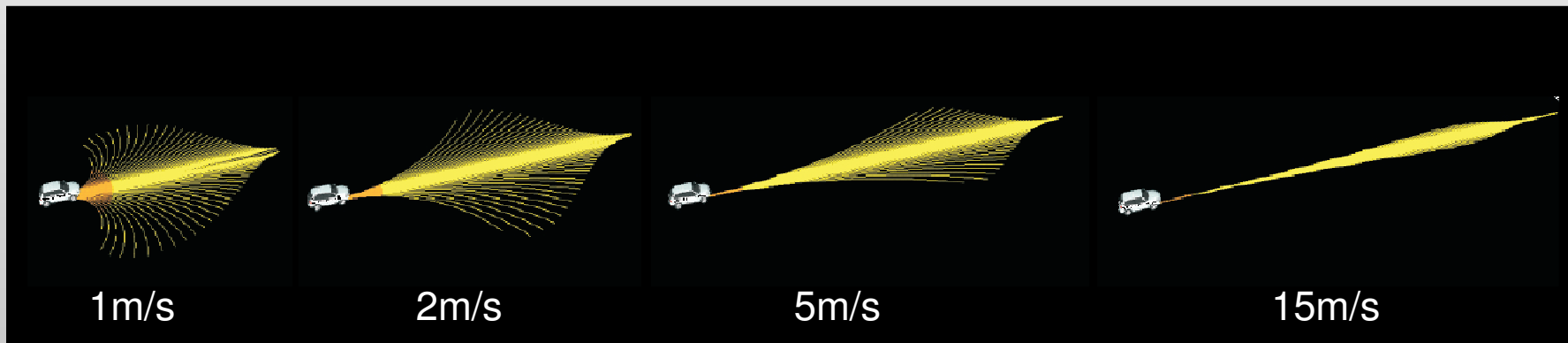


double lane change

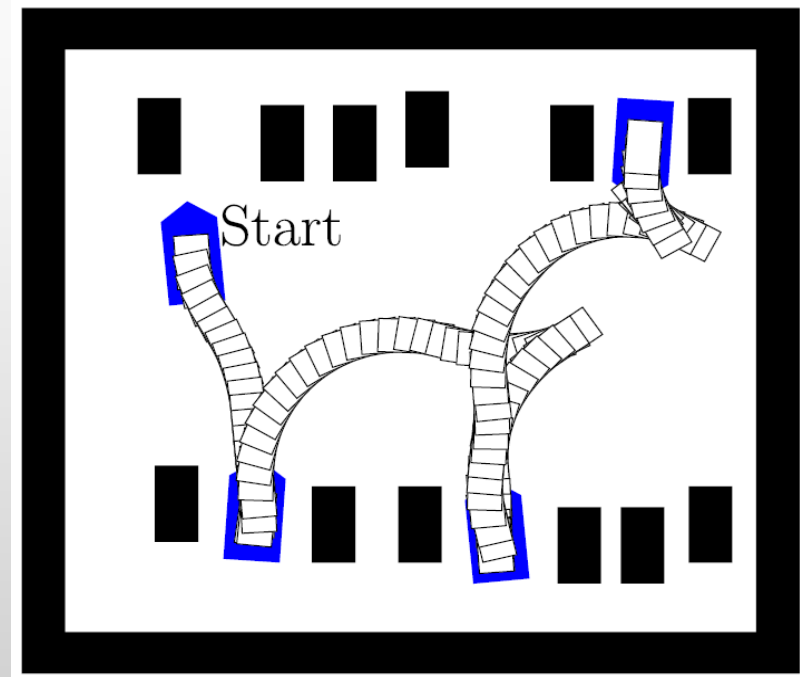
- Avoiding collisions is number one priority
- Ignore any traffic rules if necessary
- Precalculated “tentacle”-trajectories fan out with different curvatures
- Occupancy grid is analyzed for drivable areas



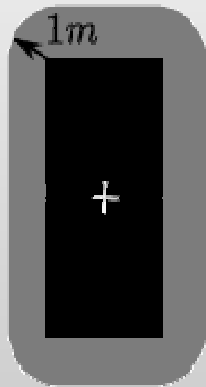
- Trajectory selection
 - Velocity sets
 - Distance to next obstacle
 - Terrain smoothness
 - Close to previous tentacle



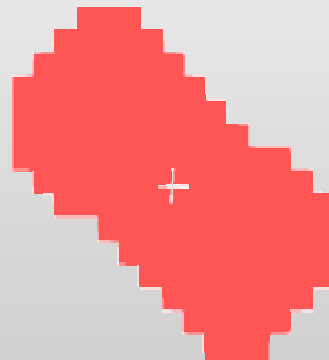
- Free form navigation
 - Unstructured environments
 - Recovery situations
 - U-turns
- Zone Planner
 - A* Best-First Algorithm
 - Two distance heuristics
 - Vorenoi/Dijkstra
 - Circle-Tangent-Circle



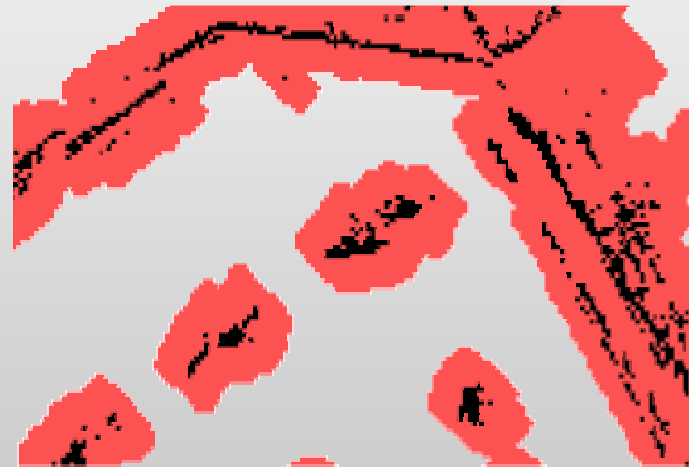
- Obstacle grid is transformed to configuration space
- Convolution of obstacles with car shaped kernel
- Discrete rotations (36) form configuration space layers
- GPU accelerated convolution



Car Model

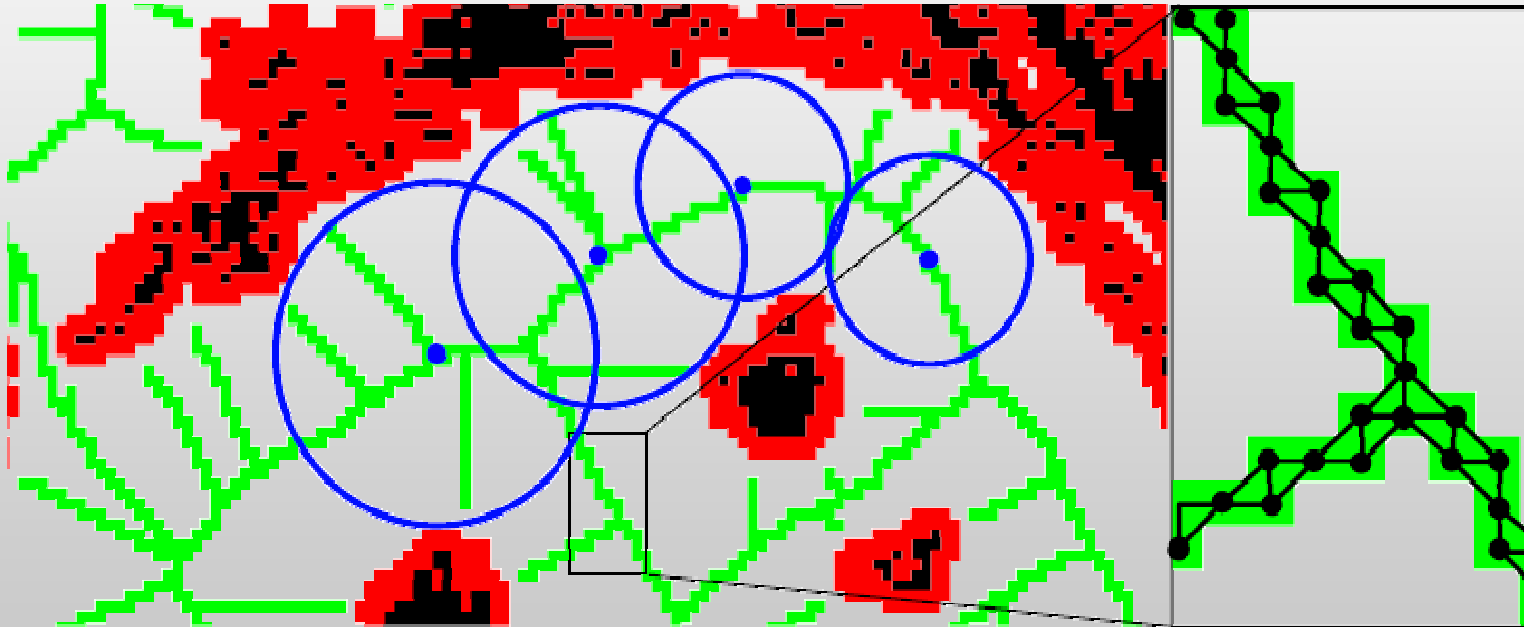


Kernel

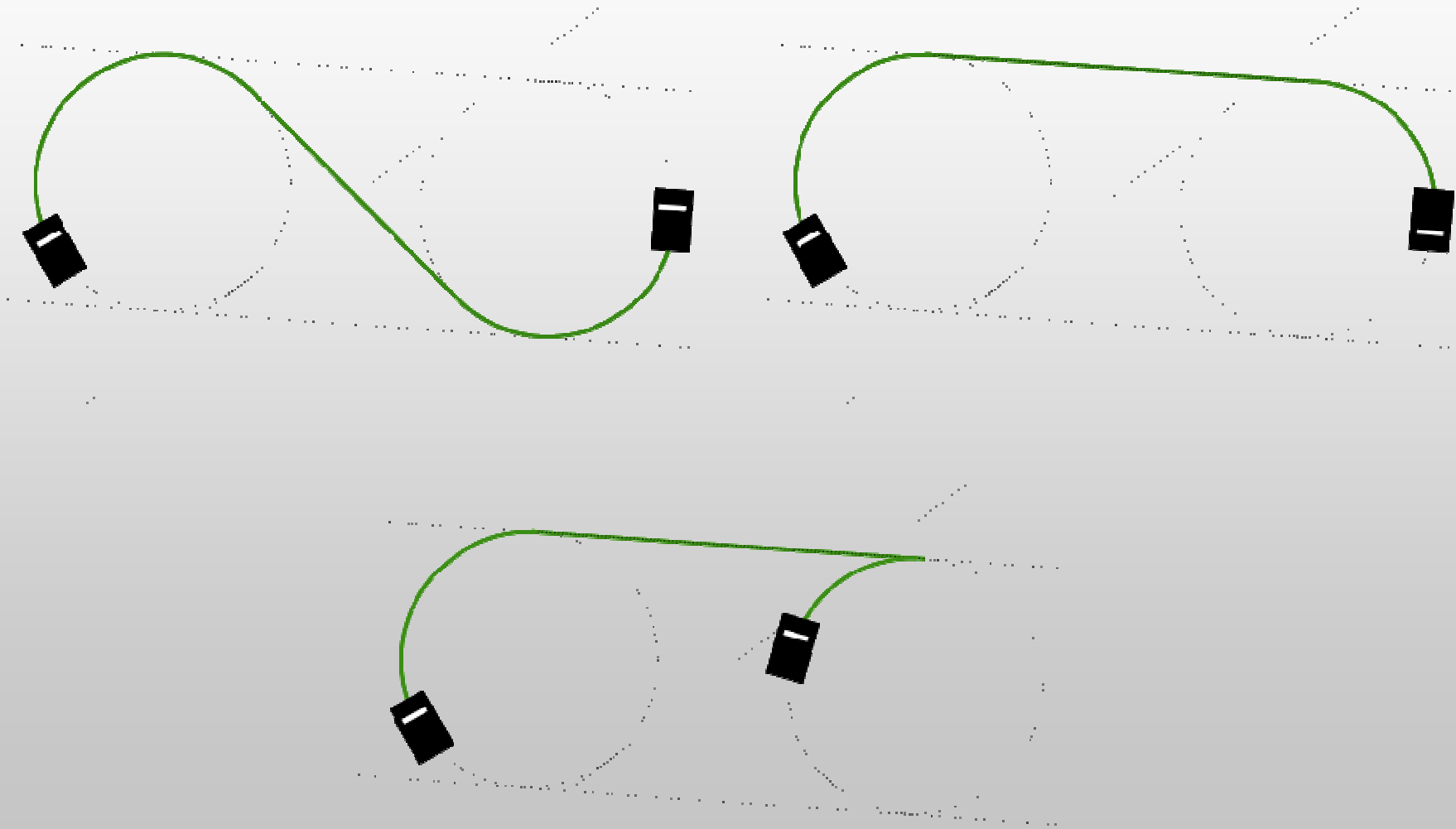


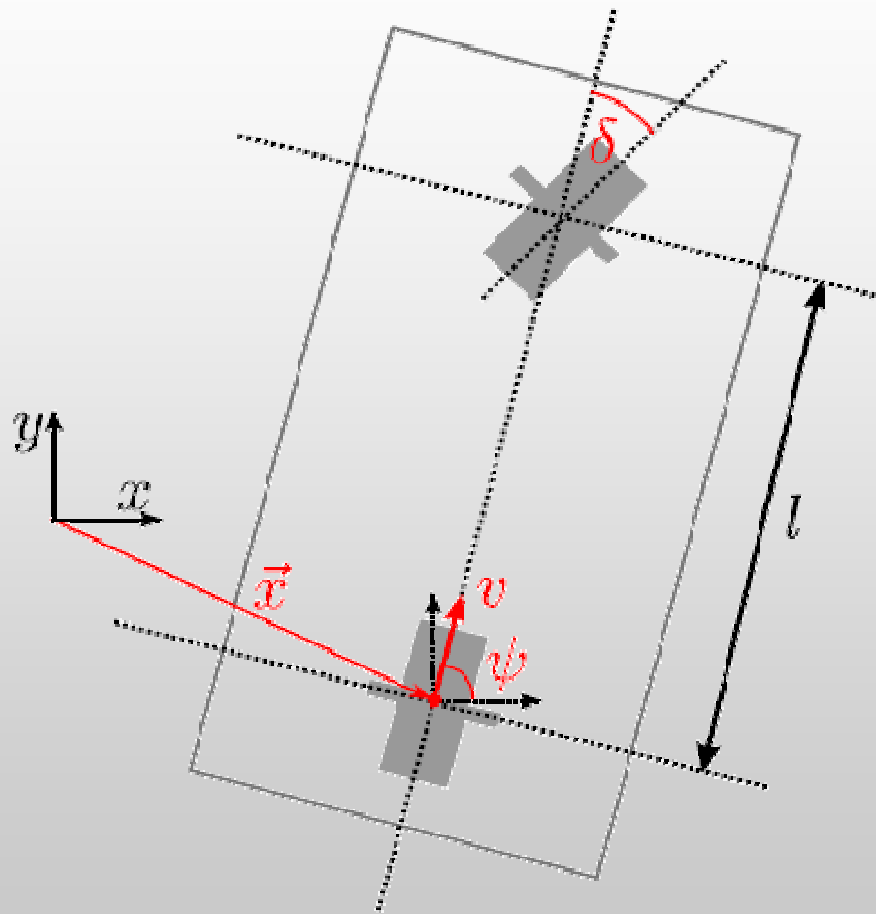
Configuration Space

- Vorenoi lines for distance heuristic
- Maximal distance to obstacles

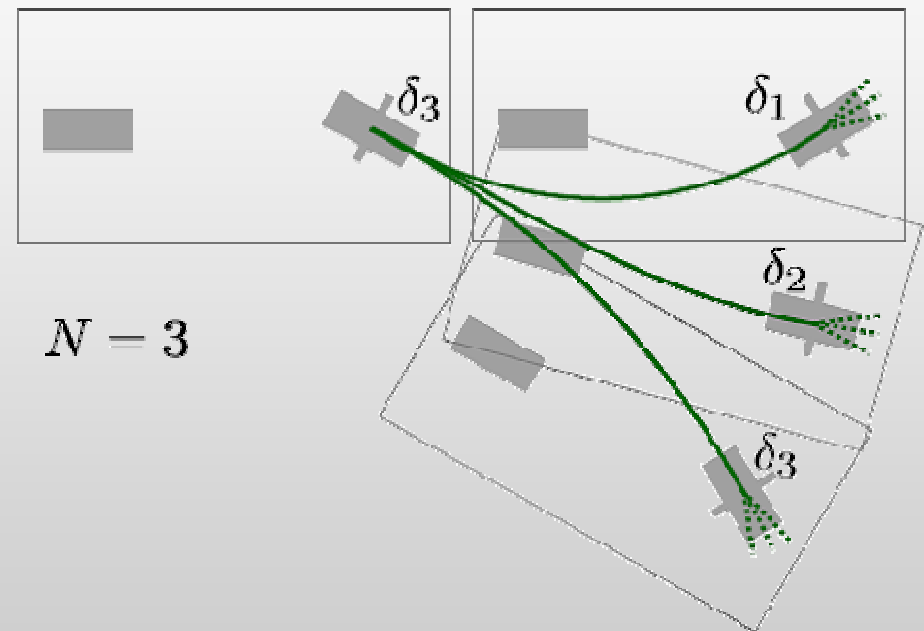


- Circle-Tangent-Circle for distance heuristic

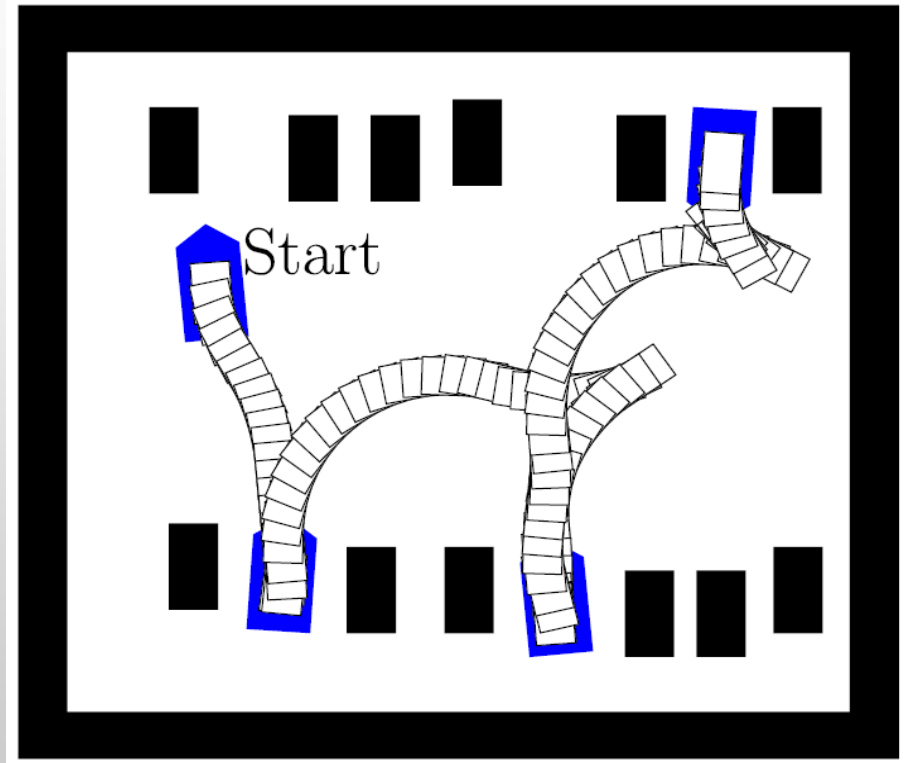
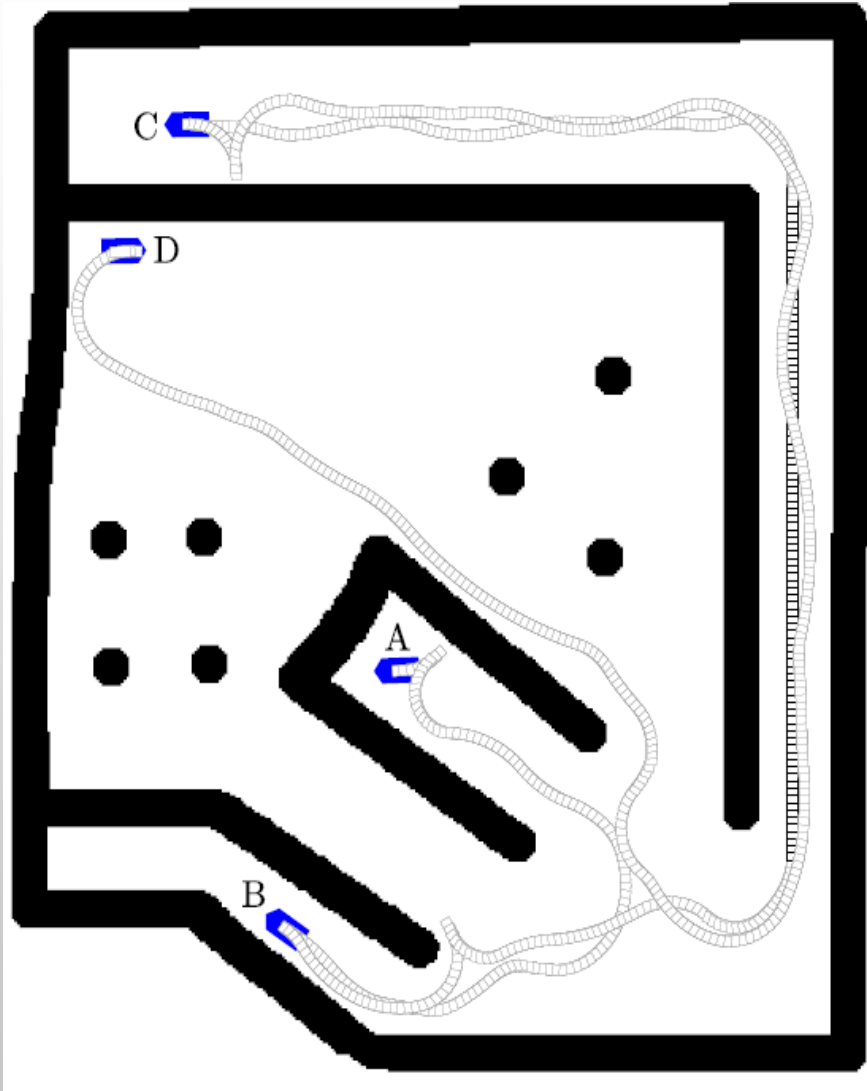


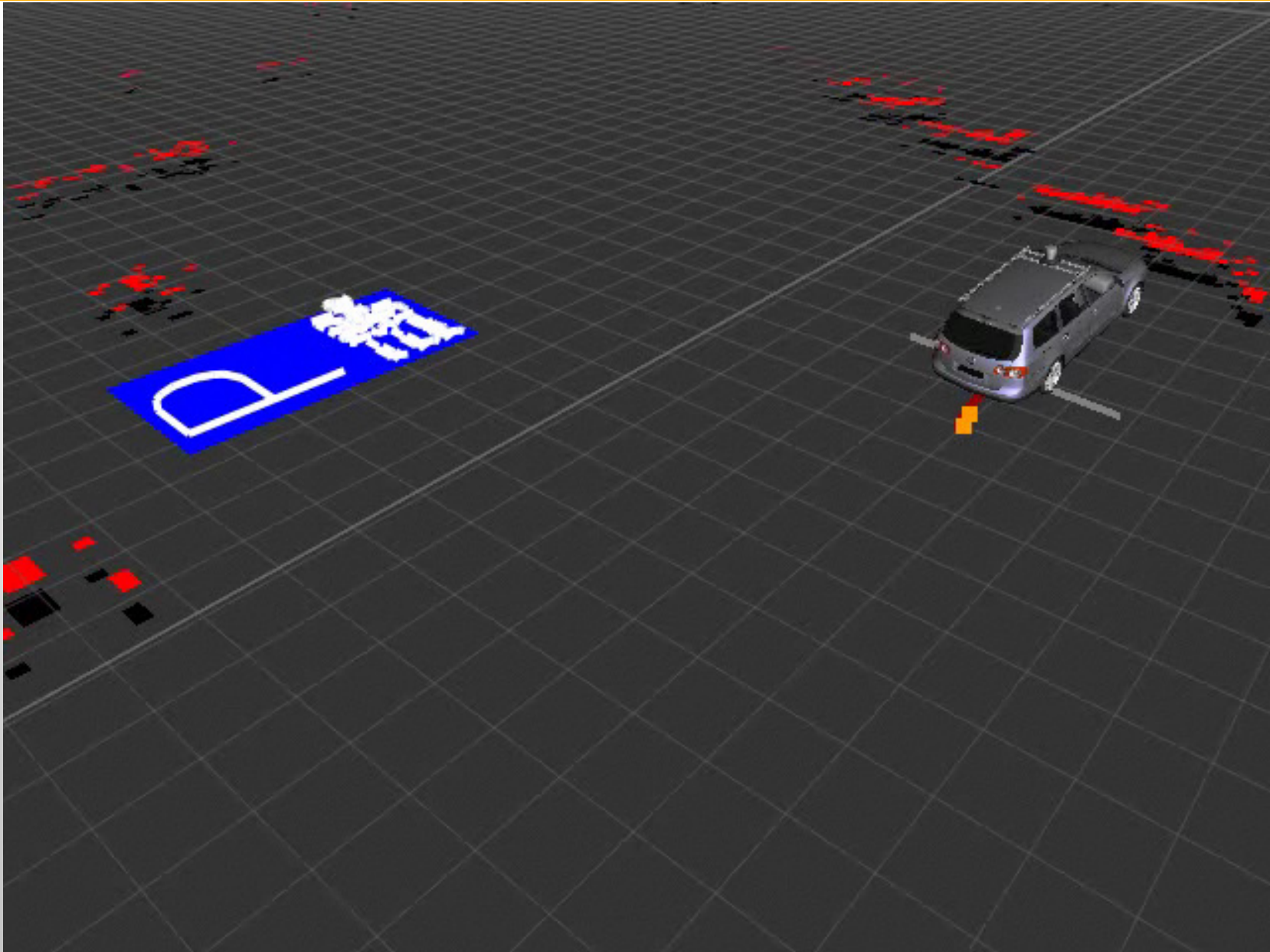


Dynamic Model



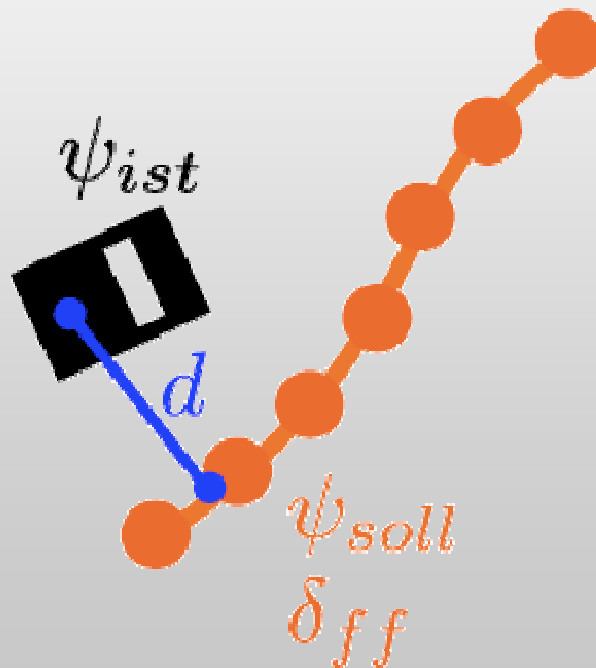
Search Graph





- Feed-forward control in state space description

$$\delta = \delta_{ff} + k_p d + k_d \Delta\psi$$

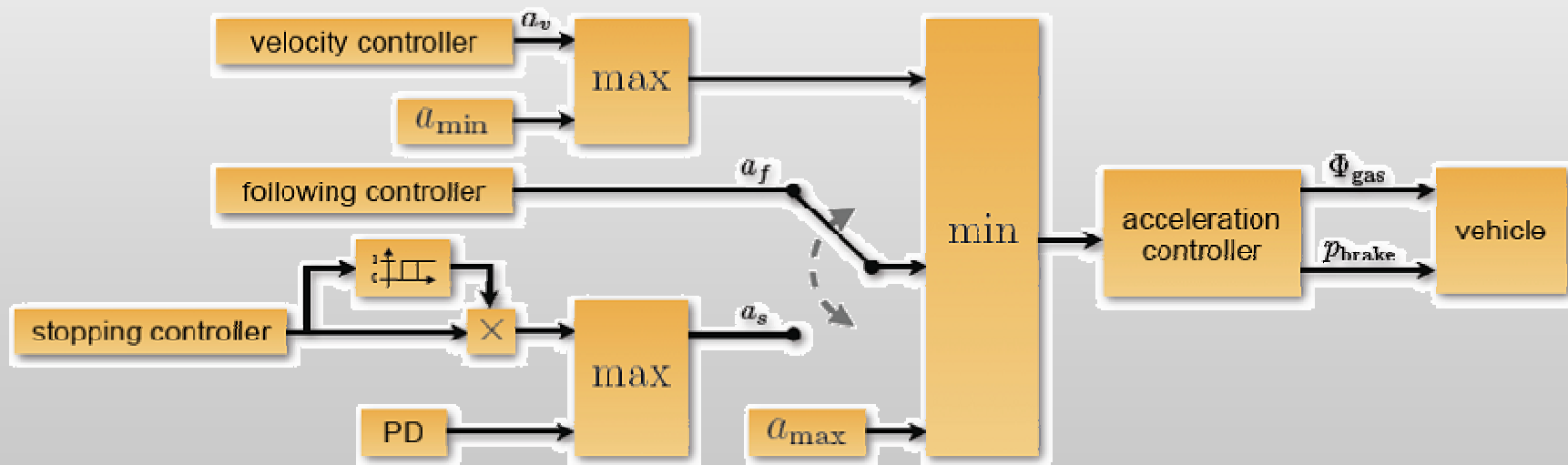


ψ : vehicle orientation

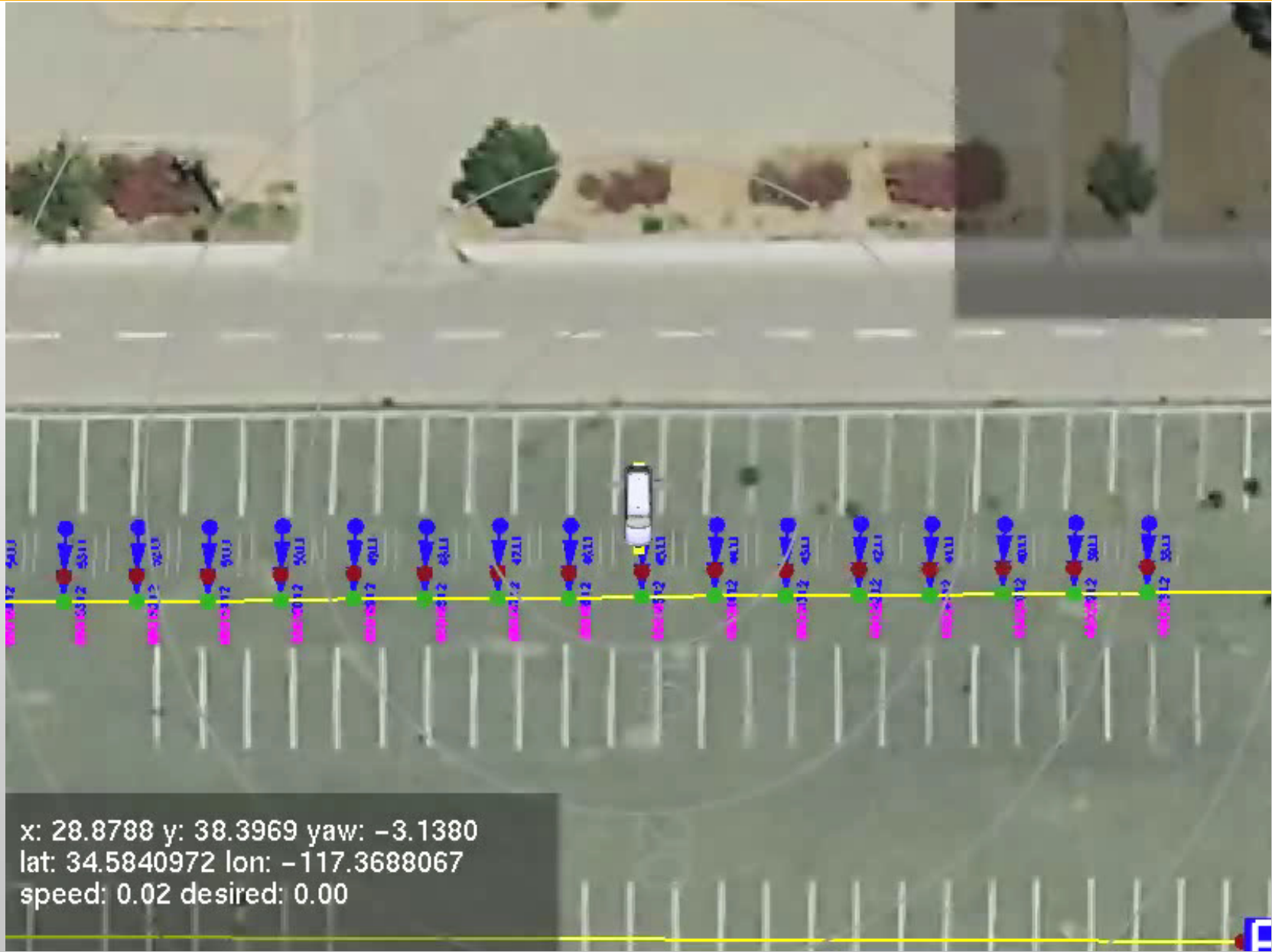
δ : steering angle

d : distance to ideal (wanted) trajectory

- Combines three control strategies:
 - Velocity controller
 - Following controller
 - Stopping controller









Never use untested software!!!



Simple is better!!!



Never stop coding!!!

The Team

AnnieWAY





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