IEEE Hamilton: The Future of Photovoltaics Ongoing Research at McMaster University

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Department of Engineering Physics McMaster University

May 9, 2012

- Introduction
- 2 Background
 - The Diode
 - Semiconductors and Absorption
 - Industry
 - Silicon Market Domination
 - State of the Art
 - Limitations
 - Why find new solar cells?
- Future
 - Better Materials

- Better Silicon
- Material Quality
- Single Crystal CdTe
- New Materials
- Fool's Gold
- New Devices
 - Tandem Cells
 - Tandem Cells on Silicon
- New Physics
 - Light Capture
 - Plasmonics
- Conclusions
- Acknowledgements



This presentation...

- Is presented from a materials perspective, because I'm a materials guy
- Can be interrupted any time by your questions
- Is hopefully a gentle introduction into the challenges of the physics of solar cells

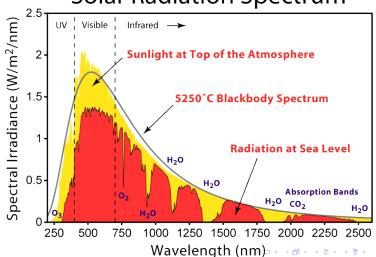
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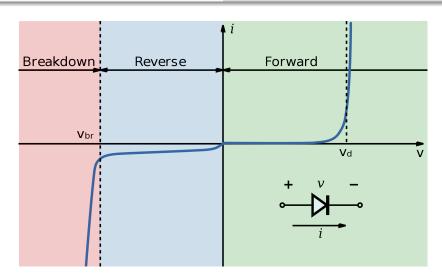
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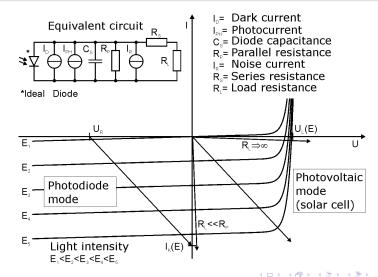
Solar Radiation Spectrum



The Diode
Semiconductors and Absorption
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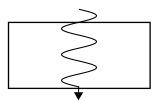
How does photovoltaic behaviour arise?

Absorption in semiconductors

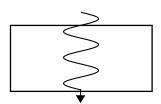
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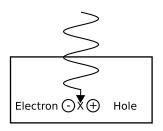
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- Absorption in semiconductors
- Production of electron-hole pairs

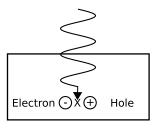


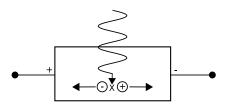
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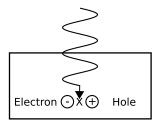
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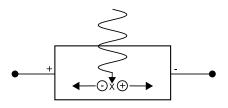




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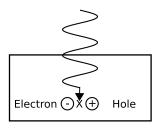
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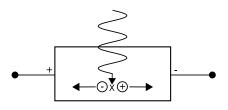




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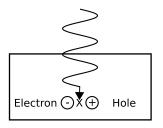
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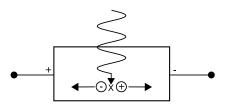




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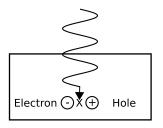
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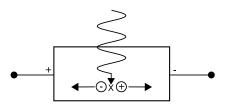




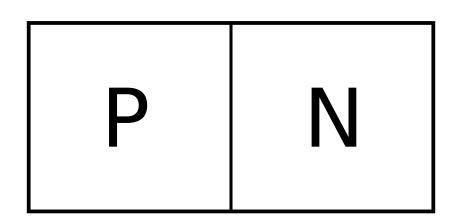
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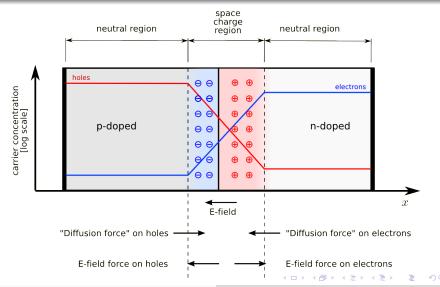




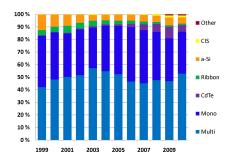
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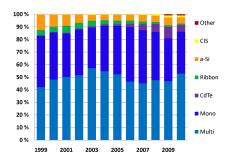
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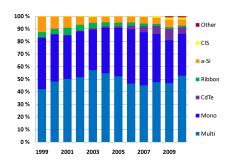
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- Leverage microelectronics industry
- 85% of Market is Silicon
- Half multicrystalline, half monocrystalline



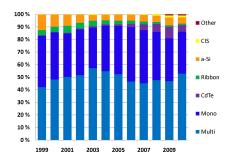
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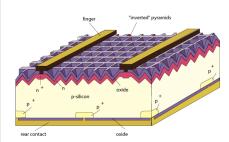
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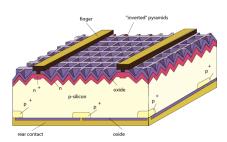
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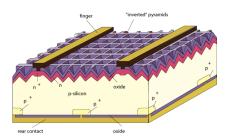
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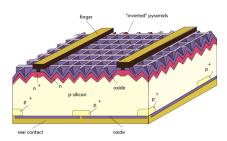
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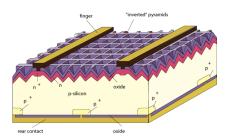
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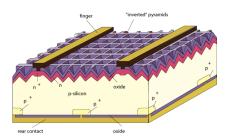
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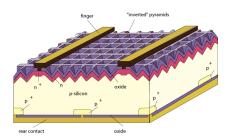
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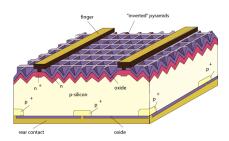
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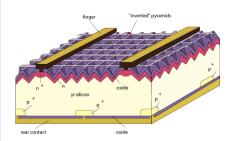
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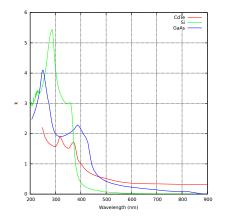
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Limitations of Silicon

• Why is it non-ideal?

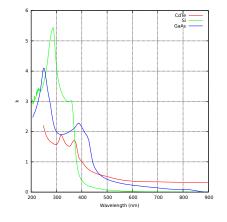
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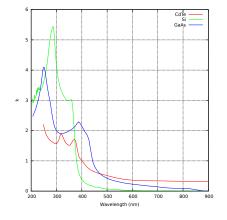
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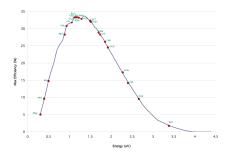
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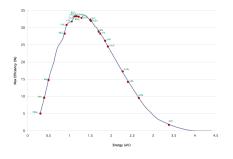
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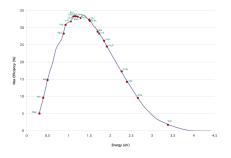
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Effciency

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- Research is ongoing in both areas





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- Finding new and interesting materials

- Tandem cell structures
- New physics structures
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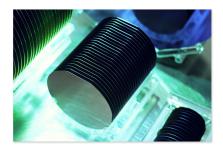
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Silicon Improvements	
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Reducing Silicon material losses



Reducing Silicon material losses

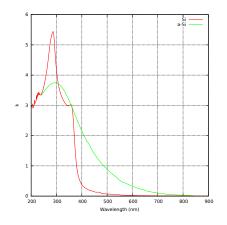


Reducing Silicon material losses

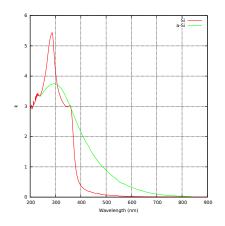
Protons are implanted into the donor wafer.



- Reducing Silicon material losses
- Amorphous Silicon provides stronger absorption

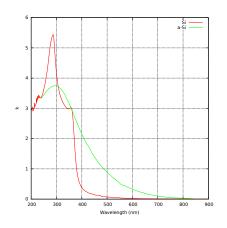


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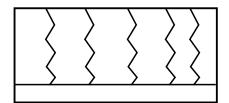


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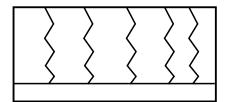
- Reducing Silicon material losses
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- Improving photovoltage via HIT cells (amorphous Silicon Hybrid cells)



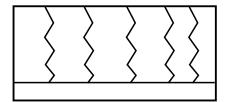
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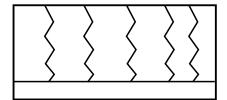
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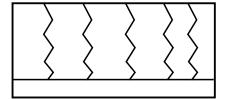
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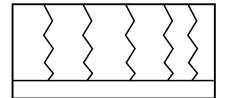
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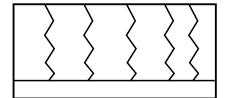
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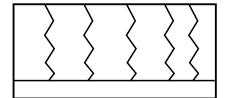
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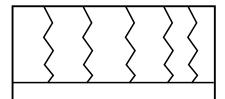
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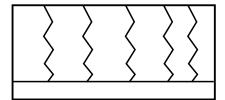
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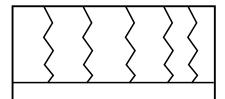
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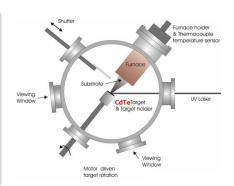
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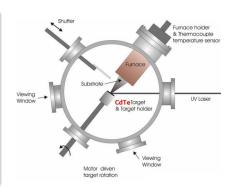
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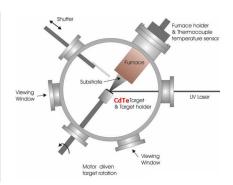
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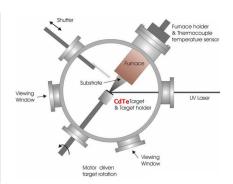
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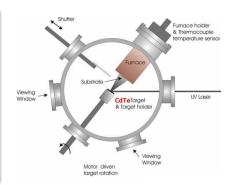
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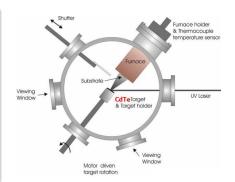
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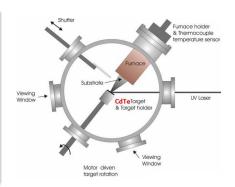
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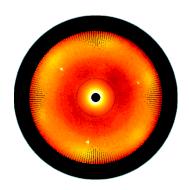


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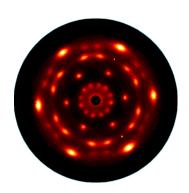


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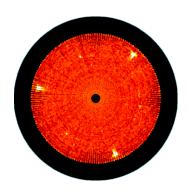
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- Boule and MBE grown CdTe are not this good

What's next for CdTe?	
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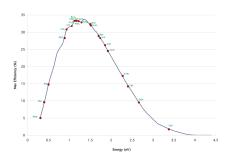
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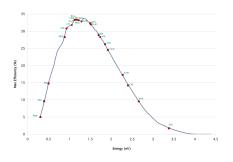
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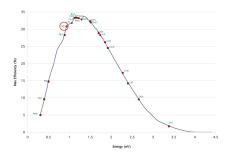
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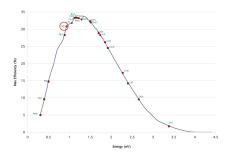
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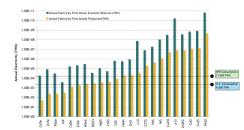
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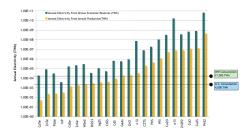
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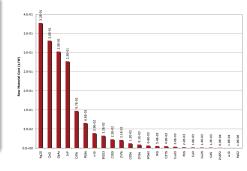
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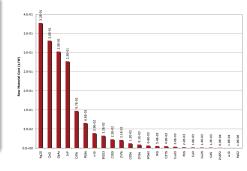
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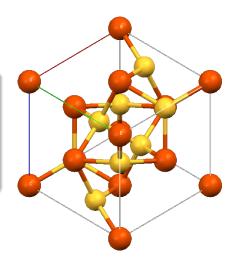
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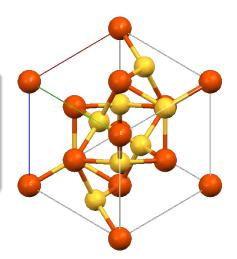
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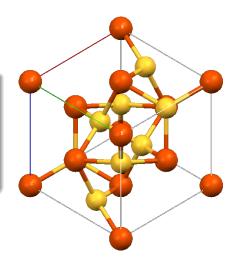
• Cubic crystal is easy to understand



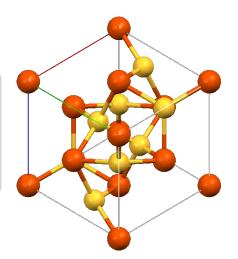
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- Cubic crystal is easy to understand
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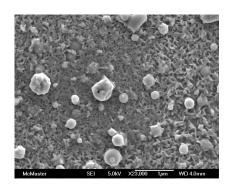
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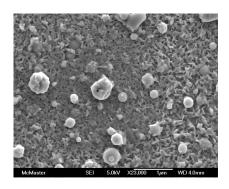
- Cubic crystal is easy to understand
- Absorption is very strong
- Base components are inexpensive



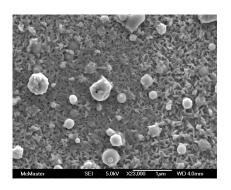
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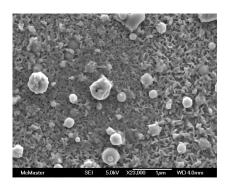
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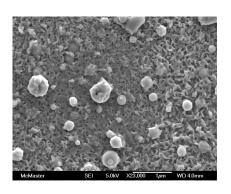


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PLD Grown FeS2 at McMaster

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- Iron crystallite formation



Better Materials

- Improving material quality
- Reducing material waste
- Finding new and interesting materials

Tandem Cells Tandem Cells on Silicon

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Tandem cell structures

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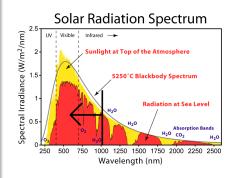
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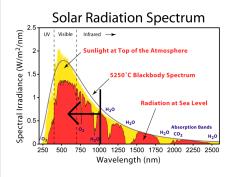
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- Tandem cell structures
- New physics structures
- Enhancement of light absorption

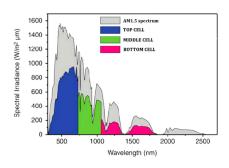
- Single junction solar cells have fundamental thermalization losses
- Photon energy larger than the bandgap is lost to heat
- What happens if we use more than one junction?
- Output of the solar cell is now boosted by better matching energy capture
- Stacked, or "multi junction" solar cells results



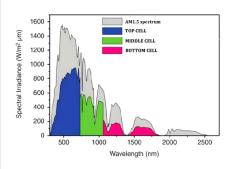
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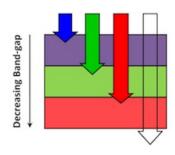
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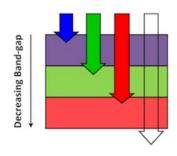


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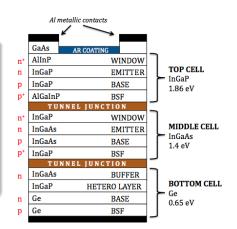
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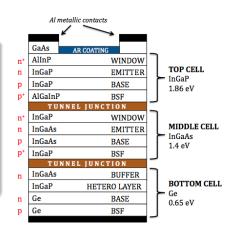
Why don't we make these?

- Multi-junction designs are very complicated
 - The easy multi-junction designs are very expensive
- Cheaper multi-junction choices have problems with crystal quality



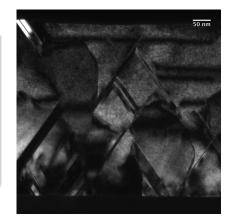
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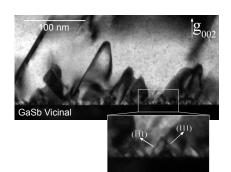
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Anti-Phase Boundaries

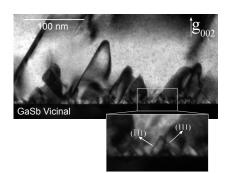
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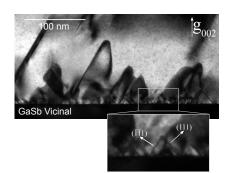
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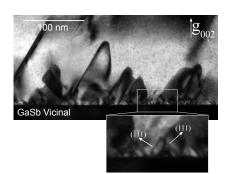
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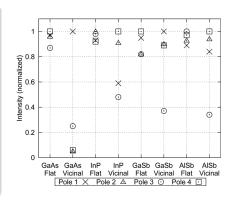
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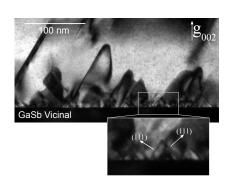
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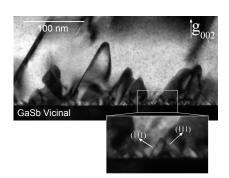
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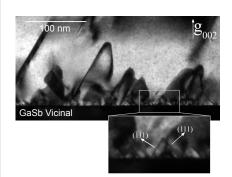
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- (211) orientation provides some distinct advantages
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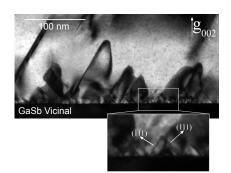
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- Intermediate band cells attempt to have a tandem cell in one device
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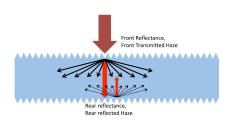
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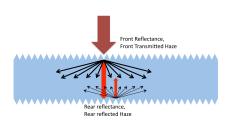
Light Scattering

- Light trapping increases the effective thickness of cells
- Reduces material requirements
- Careful control of re-emission angles have been shown to improve voltage



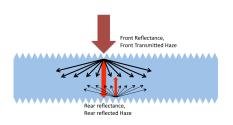
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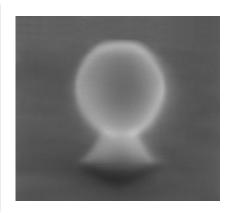


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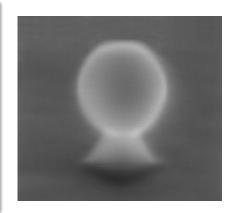
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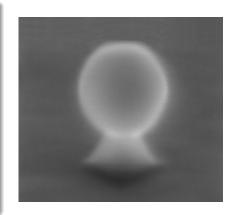
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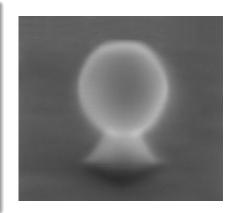
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Conclusions
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