ADSL – WHAT'S NEXT???

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IP Network/Broadband Transport

- Broadband Adoption
- Emerging Network/Service Models
- ADSL Technology
 - Network Architecture
 - New Standards
 - Broadband Services
- Regulatory Issues





- Internet Protocol (IP) is becoming <u>the</u> pervasive network protocol
- Wired and Wireless use are exploding
- Broadband is the required transport platform





Product and Technology Adoption Curves



Broadband Has One Of The Fastest Adoption Rates

Sources: Veronis Suhler Stevenson, PQ MediaLLC, icwhen.com, Motion Picture Association of America, National Association of Broadcasters, TV Dimensions, US Bureau of the Census, Wall St Journal, CTIA

BELLSOUTH Listening. Answering."



U. S. Broadband Household Penetration



- Broadband households will triple between 2001 and 2004
- Over 1 in 4 U.S. households (29%) will have broadband service by year end 2004





Voice Video Data Operator **Services** CPE SONET Frame Directory ATM Guide CPE Content Vertical **Features** Network Network Network

Past









A la carte

- Individual service providers
- Multiple bills
- Product discounts
- No packaging or integration

Bundles

- Single service provider (one stop shop)
- One bill
- Package discounts
- No integration

Integration

- Converged platform
- One bill
- Package discounts
- Integrated services
- Additional services





- CATV
- Satellite
- Power line DSL
- WiFi (Wireless)
- Fiber to the ???
- ADSL (Telcos)





Current Network Architecture

New Standards

Broadband Services





























- ADSL2 (ITU G.992.3 and G.992.4)
 - Diagnostics, Rate Adaptation
 - Data Rate and Reach
 - Power Management
 - Bonding
 - CVoDSL
- ADSL2+ (ITU G.992.5)
 - Bandwidth Improvement
 - Reach Improvement





- Measure noise, attenuation and SNR at both ends of line
- Real-time performance monitoring
- Seamless Rate Adaptation (SRA)
 - Decouples modulation and framing layers
 - Data rate can change without losing framing synch





Figure 1: ADSL2 systems can deliver an improvement in reach of about 600 feet.







Figure 2: ADSL2's L2 power mode allows a broadband modem to quickly move from L2 to L0 operation and back without bit errors.







Figure 4: Several phone lines can be bonded to multiply data rates.







Figure 5: CVoDSL dedicates channels of physical layer bandwidth to carry TDM voice lines.







Figure 6: CVoDSL does not packetize voice data, as VoIP and VoATM do.



CVoDSL vs. VoATM and VoIP





Figure 7: ADSL2+ doubles the bandwidth used to carry data.









Figure 8: ADSL2+ doubles the maximum data rate.







- The "Triple Play"
 - High-Speed Internet Access

– VolP

- IPTV, Multimedia
- "Bundled" to "Integrated" Services





BellSouth Working with Microsoft in Testing Delivery of Video Services via High-Speed Internet Connections January 6, 2005

BellSouth today announced a technical trial of Microsoft® TV Internet Protocol Television (IPTV) Edition software platform, tapping the advancing capabilities of the company's next generation broadband network. BellSouth's fiber-rich broadband network will increasingly serve as the primary platform used to deliver cutting-edge voice, video and data services to customers.





BellSouth selects Alcatel and Redback platforms for next generation broadband network

February 15, 2005

The company has selected Alcatel's 7330 DSLAM and Redback's SmartEdge® 800 Service Gateway as part of its next generation broadband rollout.

BellSouth's network upgrade will enable the company to deliver more than 12Mbps of bandwidth over a single copper telephone line and more than 24Mbps over a bonded pair of lines. Today, BellSouth passes more than one million homes with fiber-to-thecurb and has more than 5.2 million miles of fiber within its network. Approximately 50 percent of BellSouth's customers are served by a combination of fiber and short copper loops.





Data 2.7 Mbps 5x Standard Definition TV Overhead 1.8 Mbps



DSL2+ 12 Mbps Floor

Data 725 Kbps 1x Standard Definition TV 1x High Definition TV Overhead 1.8 Mbps



DSL2+ 12 Mbps Floor

Data 1.5 Mbps 2x Standard Definition TV 2x High Definition TV Overhead 3.5 Mbps



DSL2+ 24 Mbps Floor





- Legacy Regulation
- Dominant vs. Non-Dominant Carrier
 Status
- State vs. Federal Regulation
- Other Issues
 - Universal Service Fund
 - CALEA
 - E-911
 - Regulation on New Services
- BellSouth's Position





Telco Legacy Regulation

- Computer Inquiry & ONA requirements
- State regulations
- > Dominance requirements
- > Imputation requirements
- > Affiliate Transaction rules
- >Cross subsidy
- >272 Non-discrimination requirements
- > Unbundling requirements
- >Inter-carrier compensation rules
- ≻USF
- >Accounting (Part 32 & 64)
- >Telecom tax rates

IP Technology Requires Legislation To Ensure Neither Set of Legacy Regulation Rules Apply to the New Technology

Cable Legacy Regulation

- >Franchise requirements
- > Local build out requirements
- >Franchise fees
- Local Public Education & Government (PEG) requirements
- > Technical & channel system requirements
- >INET obligations
- Customer service standards
 & Technical Performance Standards
- Level playing field
- Must carry & retransmission consent
- Federal commercial leased access requirement
- Plug & play
- >Accounting (Part 76)







FCC Data on High Speed Internet Access Lines

Released December 2004







FCC Data on High Speed Internet Access Lines Released December 2004







FCC Data on High Speed Internet Access Lines Released December 2004





- FCC has the lead
 - Proposed Rulemaking, WC 04-36
- FCC Preemption of Minnesota PUC
 - MPUC had ruled Vonage subject to state regulation (VoIP)
 - FCC overruled MPUC, WC 03-211
- State rulings on unbundling requirements





- Universal Service Fund
 Who should support?
- CALEA
 - Who must comply?
 - National Security concerns
- E-911
 - Who must provide?
 - Public safety concerns





- All consumer broadband markets should be open to competition
- All providers should operate under harmonized regulation
- Consumer broadband services can
 - Enhance quality of life
 - Promote economic development, job creation, international competitiveness





- Advancements in national IP infrastructure will enhance public welfare through:
 - Telemedicine
 - Distance learning
 - Remote medical services
 - Health information





 Government regulations that affect high-speed internet access should promote investment and innovation in all technical platforms.





- Consumer controlled marketplace;
- Ensure innovation advances vital social concerns;
- Regain America's Broadband Competitiveness; and
- Modernize US Telecom Policy













Today's cell phones aren't just smaller.

They are everywhere. Just one example of how dramatically and quickly technology has changed the way we all communicate.

Unforthunately, our felesom laws are stock in the past, written during a time when phone calls were only made over phone times, when cable only delivered television and when choice and competition were the exception, not the rule.

It's a whole new world in telecommunications.

It's time for the laws to catch up to our lives and unleash fomerrow's innevations, services and choices today.

YOUR LOCAL TELECOM COMPANIES WANT TO BRING YOU THE FUTURE ... FASTER.



www.thefuturefaster.com



Instant wireless access and other innovative technologies offer us better ways to work and play. It's a whole new world in telecommunications.

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BELLSOUTH Listening. Answering."



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