

## Introduction to the IEC

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#### IEC's mission

 Founded in 1906 to promote international cooperation on all questions of standardization and related matters in the field of electrotechnology

























### IEC's mission (cont.)

#### To achieve this objective, the IEC

- encourages national adoption of international standards
- stimulates world trade and business by ensuring technical and market relevance of its products
- makes results applicable and available for voluntary adoption world wide
- sets the framework for Conformity Assessment in global markets



#### 62 IEC members

AUSTRALIA AUSTRIA BELARUS **BELGIUM** BOS.-HERZO. (AM) FRANCE BRA7II BULGARIA CANADA CHINA COLOMBIA (PM) COSTA RICA (PM) CROATIA CUBA (PM) CYPRUS (AM) CZECH REP. DENMARK

**EGYPT** ERITREA (PM) ESTONIA (AM) FINI AND GERMANY GREECE HUNGARY ICELAND (AM) INDIA INDONESIA **IRELAND** ISRAEL ITALY JAPAN KENYA (PM)

KOREA, REP. OF LATVIA (AM) LITHUANIA (AM) LUXEMBURG MALAYSIA MEXICO NETHERLANDS NEW ZEALAND NORWAY PAKISTAN **PHILIPPINES** POLAND PORTUGAL ROMANIA RUSSIAN FED.

SAUDI ARABIA SINGAPORE SLOVAKIA SLOVENIA SOUTH AFRICA SPAIN **SWEDEN SWITZERLAND** THAILAND TURKEY UKRAINE UK USA **URUGUAY** (PM) YUGOSLAVIA

AM = Associate member

PM = Pre-associate member

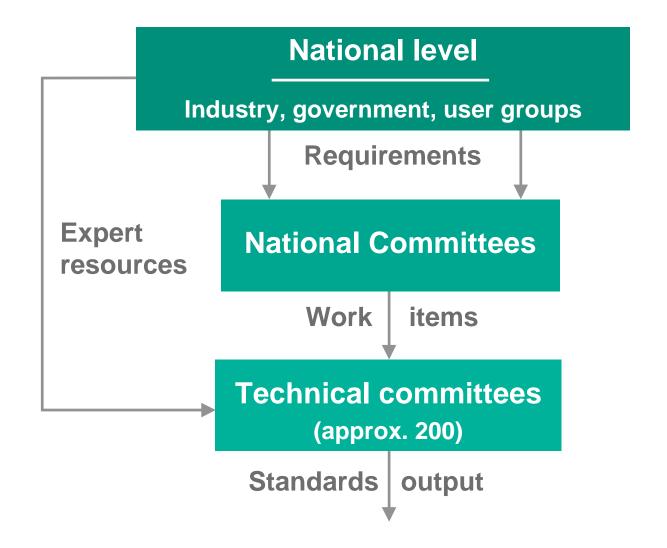


## Types of membership

- Three kinds of membership: full, associate and pre-associate
  - full: countries participate in IEC work and voting
  - associate: helps countries participate in IEC affairs at reduced expense and with limited rights
  - pre-associate: introduces potential future members to the world of the IEC. Limited expense; no rights

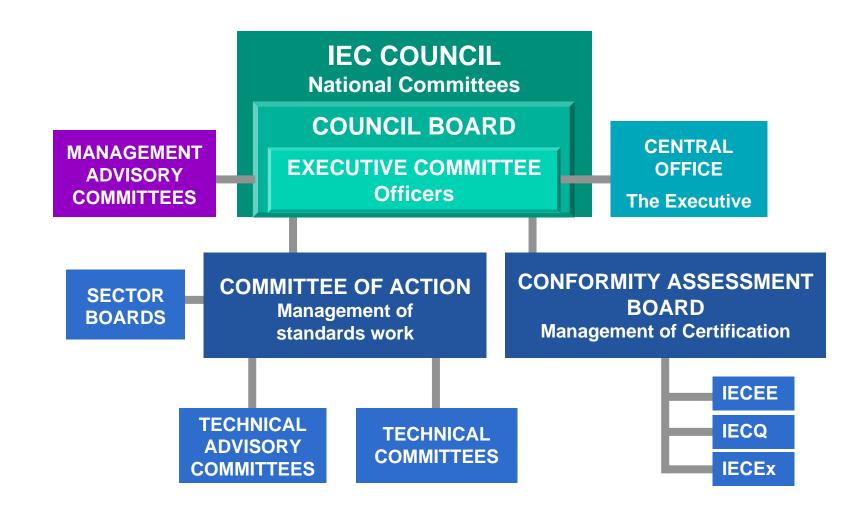


## IEC functioning





## Organigram





#### **Products**

#### Traditional

- International Standards
- Technical Specifications
- Technical Reports
- Guides

#### Non-traditional

- Industry Technical Agreements (ITAs)
- Technology Trend Assessments (TTAs)
- Publicly Available Specifications (IEC-PAS)



#### **Statistics**

#### **Operations**

TCs: 88

SCs: 99

WGs: ~800

EXPERTS: ~10 000

#### **Production**

PUBLICATIONS IN CATALOGUE

(2000-01-01): 4 513

STANDARDS PRODUCED IN

1999: 444



## NCs: what they are

- Member bodies of the IEC are the National Committees – one per country
- Full Members and Associate Members
- Represent all national electrotechnical interests
  - suppliers
  - users and consumers
  - government
  - professional bodies
  - scientific bodies



### NCs: what they do

- Play a leading part in all decisions
- Participate in meetings and vote on all policy and technical matters
- One country, one vote
- Coordinate the national viewpoint



## NCs: what they do (cont.)

Follow developments of the Commission's work

 Adopt international standards for domestic use, including translation

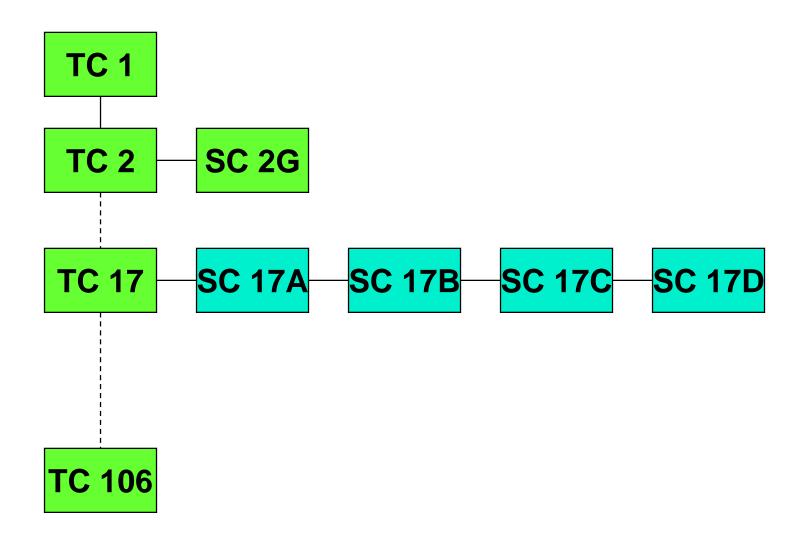


## TCs: how they work

- Technical committees and subcommittees are made up of
  - a secretariat
  - a chairman
  - members, which are NCs
- All NCs are free to take part in the work of any TC, either
  - actively (P-members), carrying the obligation to vote on drafts and to attend meetings; or
  - as observers (O-members), with a right to vote on FDIS



#### TC and SC structure





## TC 17: Switchgear and controlgear

- SC 17A: High-voltage switchgear and controlgear
- SC 17B: Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear
- SC 17C: High-voltage prefabricated switchgear and controlgear assemblies
- SC 17D: Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies



## Development of standards

- Initiated with NWIP (New Work Item Proposal)
- Voting period of 3 months
- When approved, the clock starts ticking ...



- First CD (Committee Draft) after max. 18 months
- Comments 3 to 6 months
- Compilation of comments (CC)



## Development of standards(cont.)

- Circulate revised CD for comments
- Compilation
- Circulate CD for Voting (CDV)
  - bilingual (EN & FR)
  - 5 months vote
  - last possibility for technical comments
  - editing by CO editors
- Voting report and compilation



## Development of standards (cont.)

- Submission of final text to CO
- Circulation of Final Draft International Standard (FDIS)
- 36 months have passed from start
- 2 months vote
- Publication 2 months after close of vote



#### **International Electrotechnical Commission**

# Use of templates



### **Templates**

• What is a template?

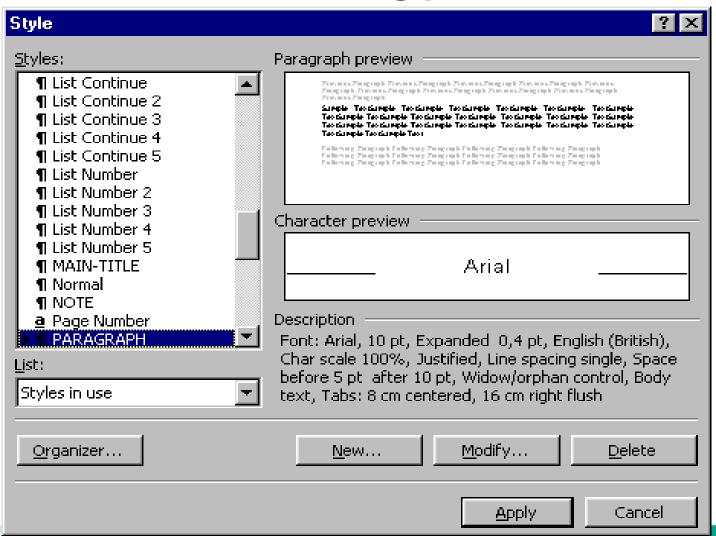
file that defines the layout of a document, usually containing a number of styles

- Advantages?
  - Consistency of presentation
  - Faster and easier to format documents
- Installation
- When do we use it?



## **Styles**

#### a set of formatting parameters





#### **International Electrotechnical Commission**

# The IECSTD template





# The IEEE template to submit comments to ballots



#### Obtain and install

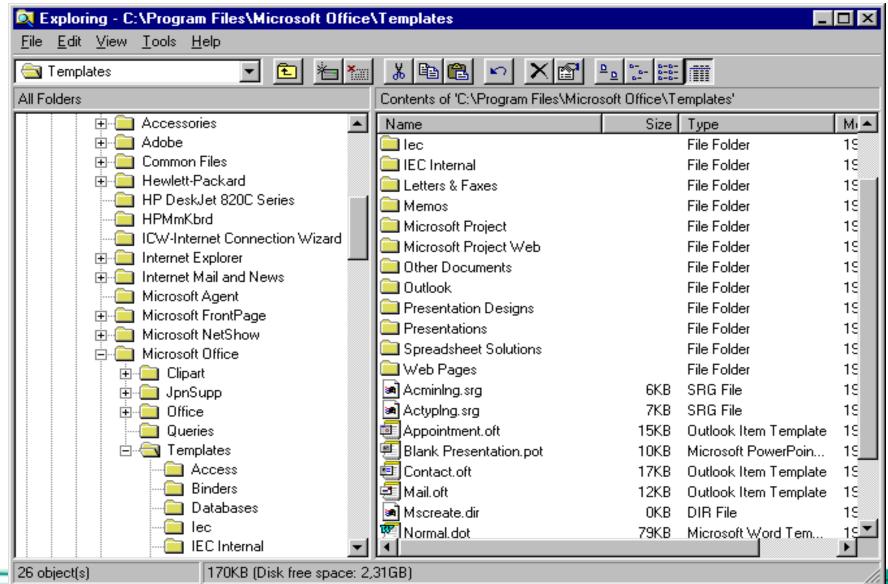
From the IEEE web site

http://www.ewh.ieee.org/soc/pes/switchgear/index.htm

- Keep up to date download twice/year
- On a diskette
- Instructions in the Guide to IT Tools



## Install templates



0-05-09



## Preparing new documents

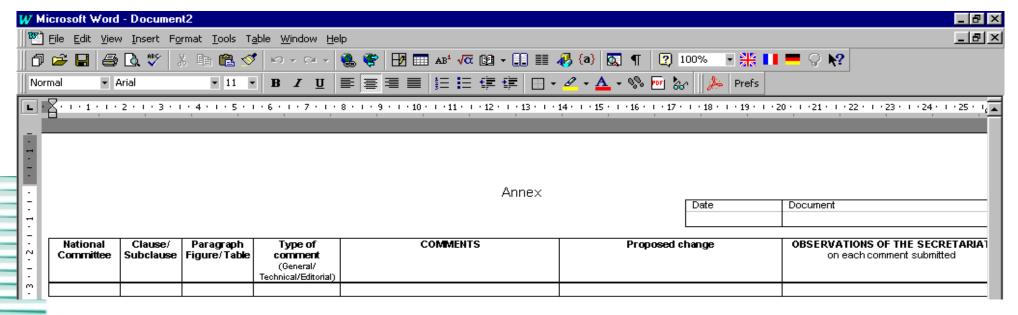
Create a new document

File, New ...

# Do not open the template!



#### Form 8C



- One comment per row
- Create new rows with Tab key
- Leave "Observations of the Chair" blank





## Compilations of comments

- WG chair prepares compilation by copying comments table from members of balloting group into a new consolidated document
- Allows for comments to be sorted by clause number, type of comment etc.









