



Introduction to Functional Safety

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functional safety
is the portion of *system safety* that is dependant on
the correct functioning of the safety-related parts of
the control system

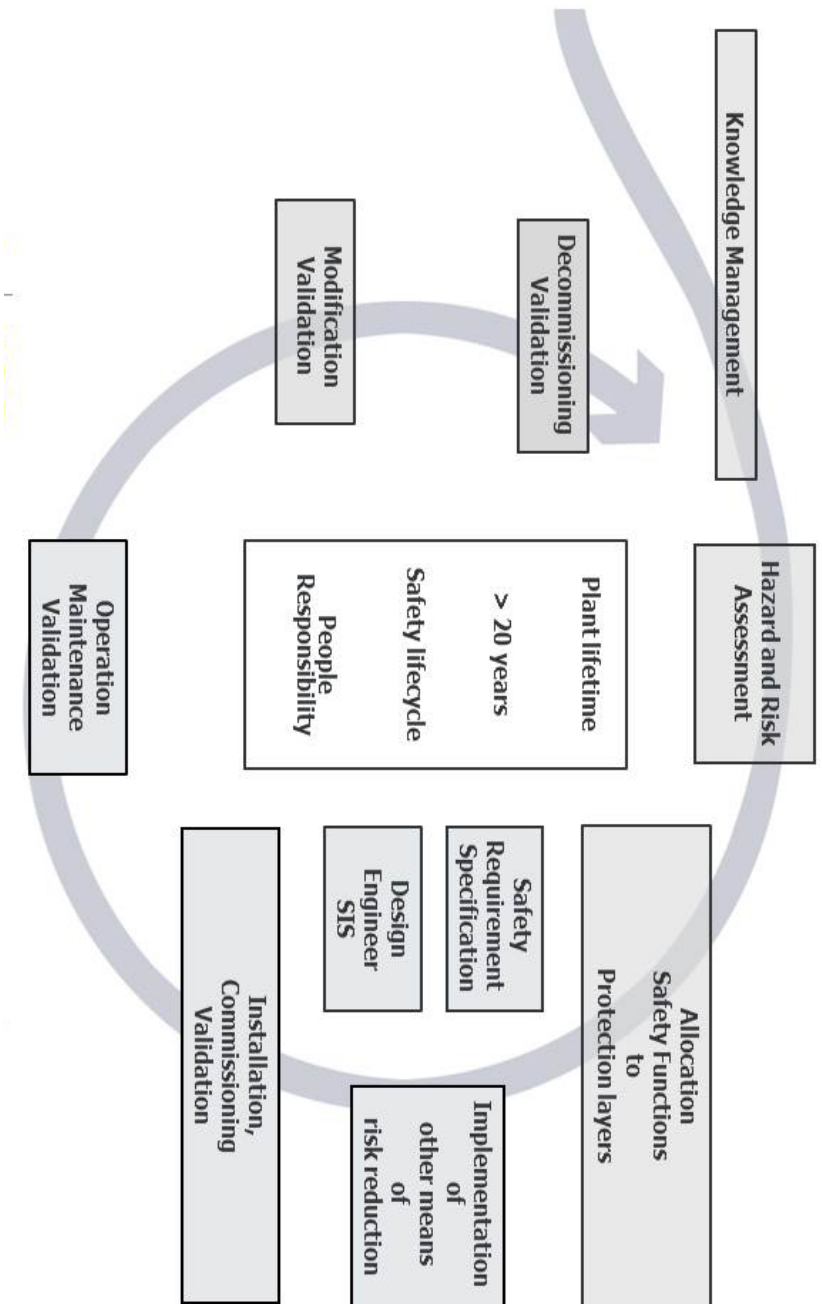
[1]

System Safety Aspects

What is “system safety”?

- ▶ **Physical Safety Measures**
 - ▶ Inherently safe design
 - ▶ Physical barrier guards
 - ▶ Fixed guarding
 - ▶ Trapped Key Systems (mechanical)
 - ▶ Mechanical pressure relief valves
 - ▶ “Velocity fuse” valves
 - ▶ Blow-out discs
 - ▶ Melt discs
 - ▶ Catchments/sumps
 - ▶ etc.
- ▶ **Control System Safety Measures**
 - ▶ Control functions (reduced speeds/feeds)
 - ▶ Control Software
 - ▶ Interlocked guards
 - ▶ Trapped Key systems (electrical/electronic)
 - ▶ Electrical/Electronic Guard locking
 - ▶ PSPE - Presence-Sensing Protective Devices (2-Hand Controls, Safety Mats, Safety Edges, etc.)
 - ▶ AOPD - Active Optical Protective Devices (Optical Safety Edges, Light fences and curtains, laser scanners, vision systems, etc.)
 - ▶ etc.

Management of functional safety and functional safety assessment and audit



[2]

Safety Function

Definition

function to be implemented by an E/E/PE* safety-related system or other risk reduction measures, that is intended to achieve or maintain a safe state for the EUC[†], in respect of a specific hazardous event (see 3.4.1 and 3.4.2)

EXAMPLE Examples of safety functions include:

- functions that are required to be carried out as positive actions to avoid hazardous situations (for example switching off a motor); and
 - functions that prevent actions being taken (for example preventing a motor starting).
- [1, 3.5.1]

*E/E/PE - Electrical/Electronic/Programmable Electronic System [1, 3.3.2]

†EUC - Equipment Under Control [1, 3.2.1]

Example Safety Functions

- ▶ Safety-related Stop Function (includes but is not limited to e-stop)
- ▶ Manual reset function
- ▶ Start/restart function
- ▶ Local control function (e.g., enabling devices, slow-speed control, etc.)
- ▶ Muting function
- ▶ Response time
- ▶ Safety related parameters (e.g., temperature, pressure, levels, etc.)
- ▶ Fluctuations, loss and restoration of power sources
- ▶ Etc.

Functional Safety Standards

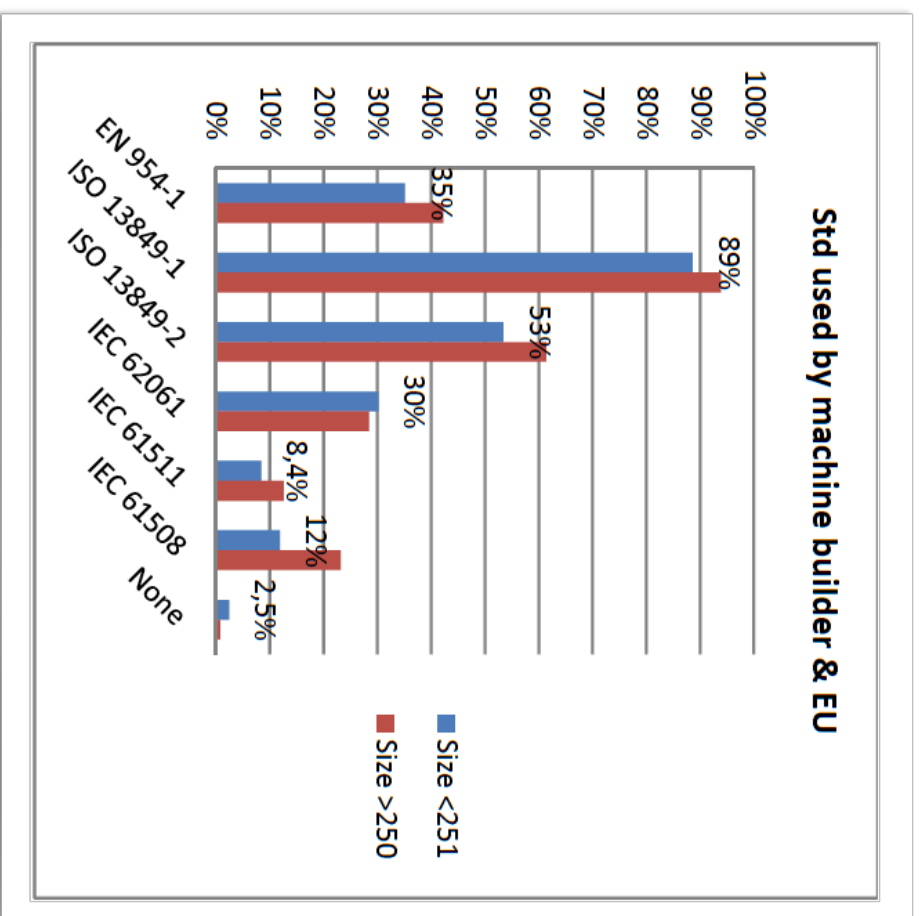
ISO Standards

- ▶ **ISO 13849 - Industrial Machinery (2 parts)**
- ▶ ISO 26262 - Road vehicles (12 parts)
- ▶ ISO 19014 - Earth-moving machinery (5 parts)
- ▶ ISO/PAS 19695 Motorcycles—Functional safety
- ▶ ISO 13766-2 Earth-moving and building construction machinery—Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of machines with internal electrical power supply—Part 2: Additional EMC requirements for functional safety
- ▶ ISO/IEC 14762 Information technology—Functional safety requirements for Home and Building Electronic Systems (HBES)
- ▶ etc.

IEC Standards

- ▶ IEC 61508 (7 parts) the “mother standard”
- ▶ **IEC 62061 - Machinery**
- ▶ IEC 61511 - Process systems
- ▶ IEC 60079-29-3 Explosive atmospheres - Part 29-3: Gas detectors - Guidance on functional safety of fixed gas detection systems
- ▶ IEC 61000-6-7 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-7: Generic standards - Immunity requirements for equipment intended to perform functions in a safety-related system (functional safety) in industrial locations
- ▶ etc.

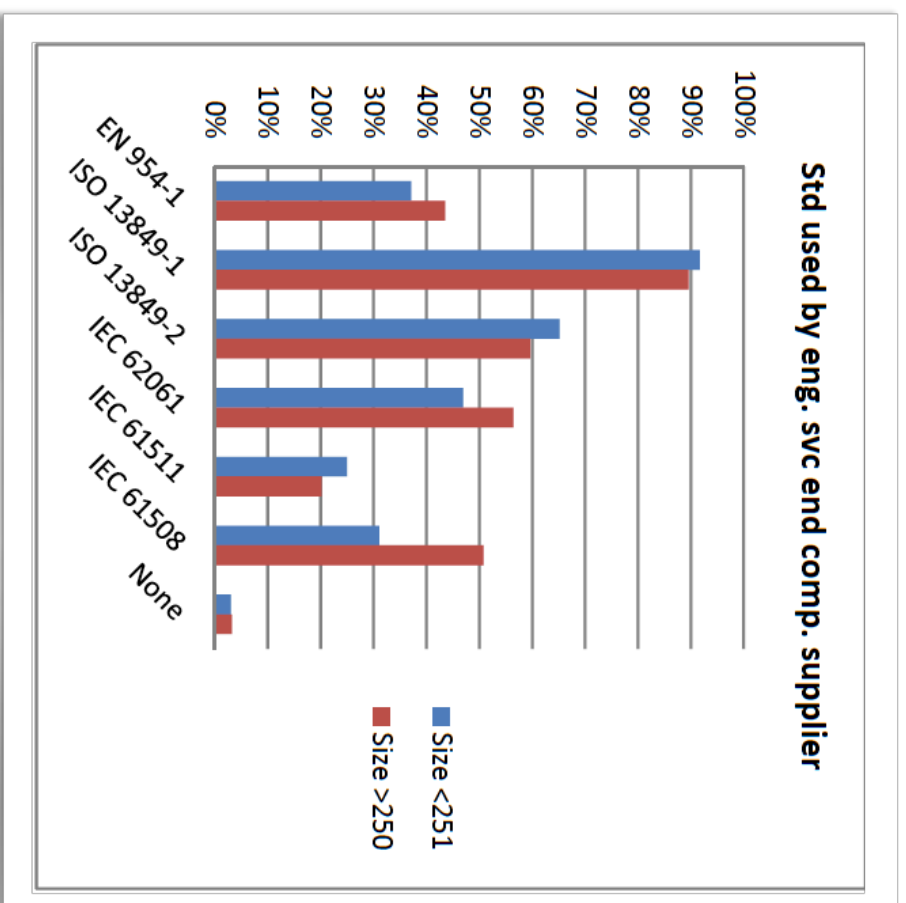
Use of FS Standards



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[4, Graph 2]

Use of FS Standards



[4, Graph 3]

Linkage to Risk

Functional safety target requirements are:

- ▶ Determined by
 - ▶ the inherent risk sometimes called the “first pass” risk, and
 - ▶ the Mode of Operation
- ▶ Expressed as either:
 - ▶ Performance Level (PL_r), or
 - ▶ Safety Integrity Level (SIL_r)

Demand Rate & Mode of Operation

- ▶ “Mode of Operation” refers to how often there is a demand on the safety function, i.e., how often it’s used
- ▶ Three broad ranges:
 - ▶ Low demand: < 1 per year (e.g., reactor over-pressure relief or air receiver over-pressure relief)
 - ▶ High demand: >1 per year
 - ▶ Continuous: maintains safe state as part of normal operation (e.g., light curtains, or interlocked guards)
- ▶ Machinery operates in low demand mode very rarely
- ▶ Machinery is usually considered to operate in high/continuous demand mode
- ▶ ISO 13849 is focused on high/continuous demand

Risk Assessment

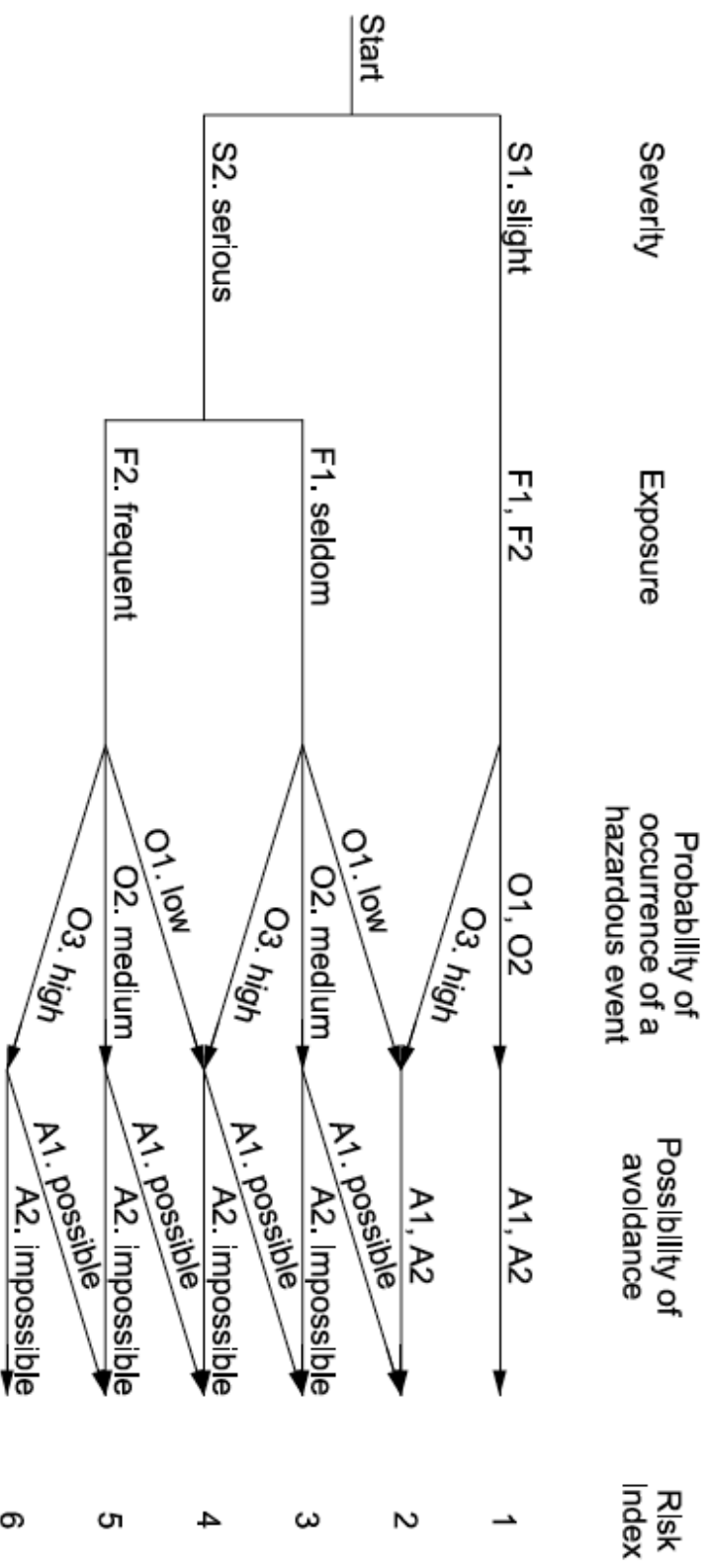
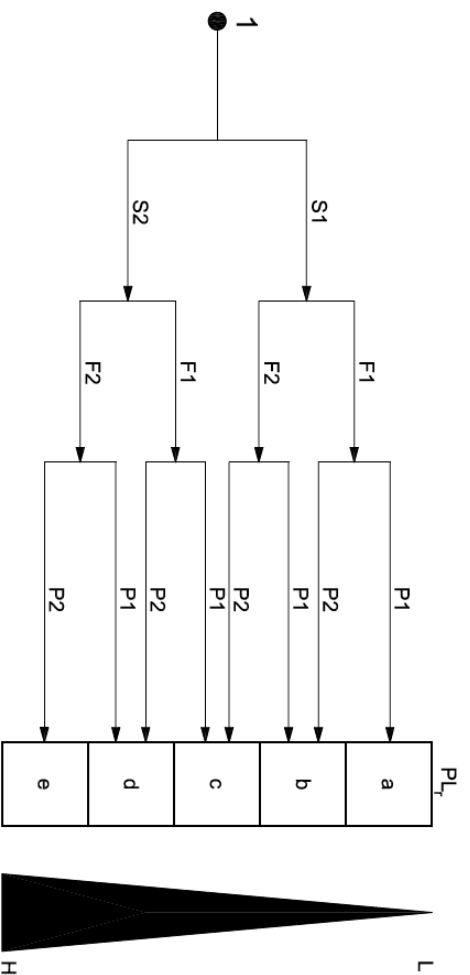


Figure 3 — Example of a risk graph for risk estimation

[3]

Performance Level Assignment



- Key**
- 1 starting point for evaluation of safety function's contribution to risk reduction
 - L low contribution to risk reduction
 - H high contribution to risk reduction
 - PL_r required performance level
- Risk parameters:**
- S severity of injury
 - S1 slight (normally reversible injury)
 - S2 serious (normally irreversible injury or death)
 - F frequency and/or exposure to hazard
 - F1 seldom-to-less-often and/or exposure time is short
 - F2 frequent-to-continuous and/or exposure time is long
 - P possibility of avoiding hazard or limiting harm
 - P1 possible under specific conditions
 - P2 scarcely possible

Figure A.1 — Graph for determining required PL_r for safety function

[5, Fig. A.1]

The 3rd Ed. (2015) allows for consideration of the Probability of the Hazardous Event, although it is not shown as a variable on the graph above.

Safety Integrity Level Assignment

Table A.6 – SIL assignment matrix

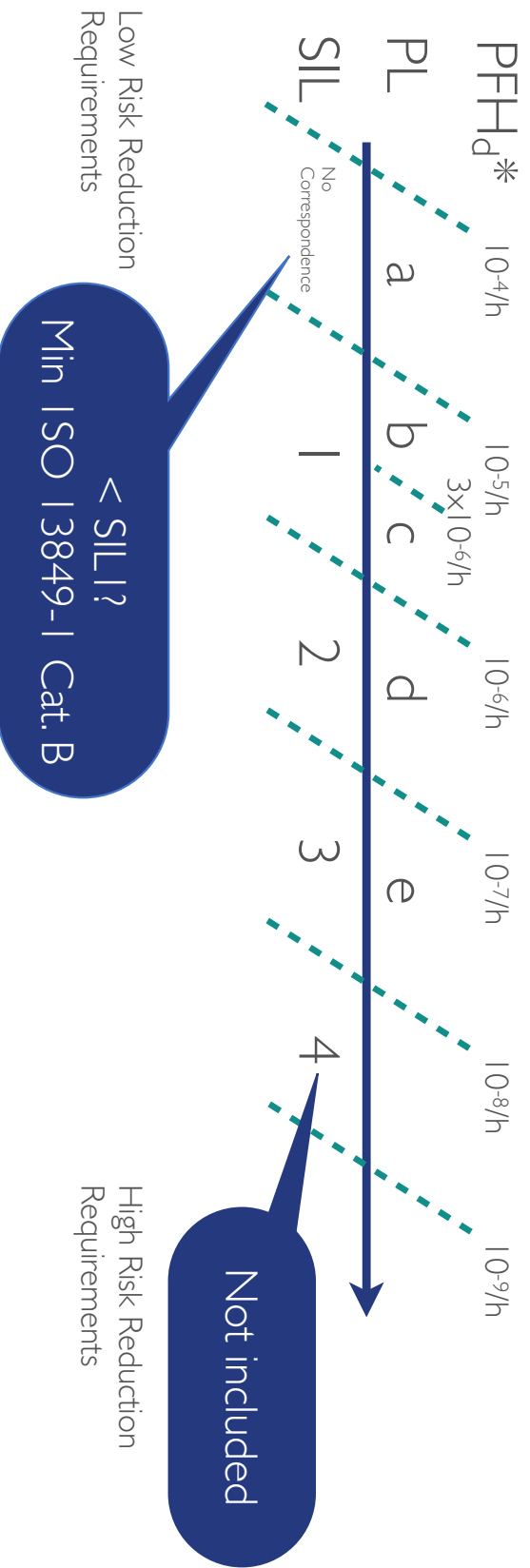
Severity (Se)	Class (Cl)				
	3-4	5-7	8-10	11-13	14-15
4	SIL 2	SIL 2	SIL 2	SIL 3	SIL 3
3		(OM)	SIL 1	SIL 2	SIL 3
2			(OM)	SIL 1	SIL 2
1				(OM)	SIL 1

Cl = Fr + Pr + Av

(OM) - Other Measures

[6, Annex A]

PL vs. SIL



* Probability Dangerous of Failure per Hour

Safety Requirement Specification

Provides the detailed requirements for the realization of each safety function.

Includes details like:

- ▶ Required PL or SIL
- ▶ Input conditions
- ▶ Safe state
- ▶ Proposed architecture
- ▶ Response time
- ▶ See [5, 5.1]

Key Concepts

- 1) **Performance Level (PL) - 5 ranges of failure rate: a, b, c, d, e**
- 2) **Architecture (Category) - 5 types: B, 1, 2, 3, 4**
- 3) **Mean Time to Dangerous Failure (MTTDF) - 3 ranges: Low, Medium, High**
- 4) **Diagnostic Coverage (DC) - Ratio between detectable failures and all failures**
- 5) **Common Cause Failures (CCF) - Systematic failures (Category 3, 4 only)**

References

- [1] IEC/TC 65A. *IEC 61508-4—Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems—Part 4: Definitions and abbreviations*, 2nd ed. Geneva, Switzerland: International Electrotechnical Commission, 2010.
- [2] "Management of Functional Safety", *Web-material/3.yokogawa.com*, 2018. [Online]. Available: <http://web-material/3.yokogawa.com/f263b738901951048f2dfc494a202af9114d77b5.jpg>. [Accessed: 28- Nov- 2018].
- [3] Safety of machinery — Risk assessment — Part 2: Practical guidance and examples of methods. ISO/TR 14121-2. 2012.
- [4] A. Butaye, "Report from ISO/TC 199/JWG 1/Sub group 2 "Questionnaire"—ISO/TC 199/JWG1 N0038", ISO, Geneva, 2013.
- [5] ISO/TC 199. *Safety of machinery—Safety-related parts of control systems—Part 1: General principles for design*, ISO Standard 13849-1. 3rd Ed.. ISO International Organization for Standardization, Geneva. 2015.
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- [7] M. Hauke, M. Schaefer, R. Apfeld, T. Boemer, M. Huelke, and T. Borowski, "BGIA Report 2/2008e Functional Safety of Machine Controls – Application of ISO 13849-1," DGVV/BGIA - Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance, Berlin, Germany, 2009.
- [8] *ISO/TC 199. Safety of machinery—Safety-related parts of control systems—Part 2: Validation*, ISO Standard 13849-2. 2nd Ed.. ISO International Organization for Standardization, Geneva. 2012.



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